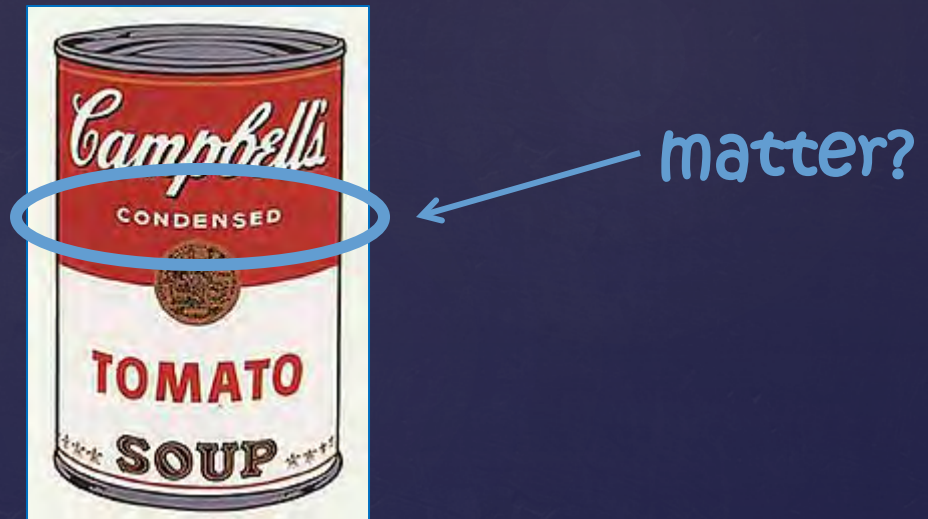


Probing the structure of quantum phases of matter with holography

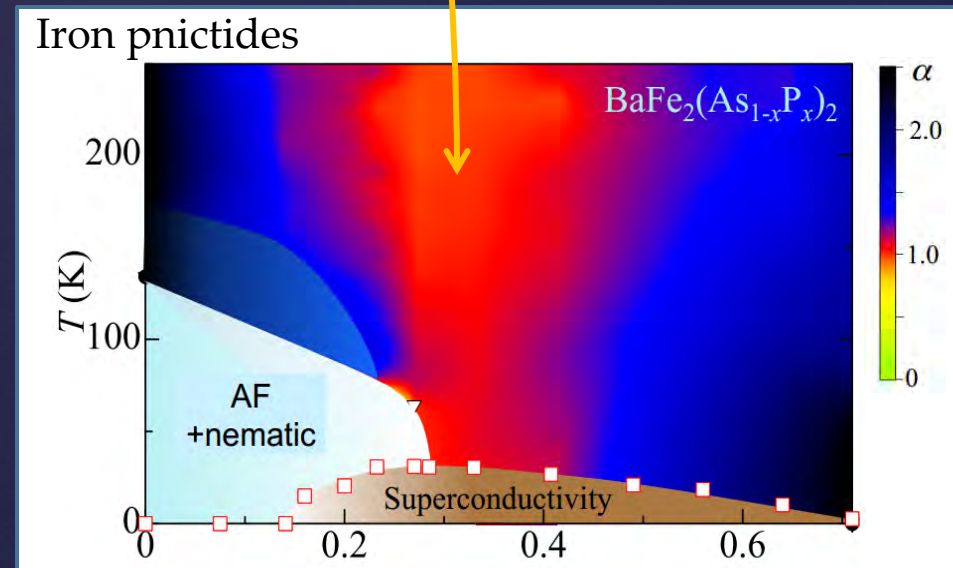


Sera Cremonini
(Cambridge and Texas A&M)

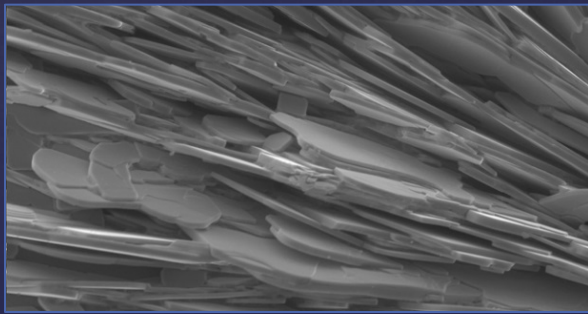


- Holographic applications to condensed matter
 - materials with **unconventional scalings**
 - new poorly understood phases of matter
 - systems with long range entanglement
 - ...
- Common feature: d.o.f. are not weakly coupled
(no notion of quasi-particles + Boltzmann/Landau theory does not apply)

natural setting for holography
→ new set of analytic tools



- On the GR side, from the dialogue between the two communities:
 - new classes of (black hole) solutions
 - new types of instabilities
 - non-relativistic, anisotropic geometries
 - new emergent scaling IR behavior
 - broken translations ('smectic' order) and/or rotations ('nematic' order)
 - ...
- Underlying theme: **ground states with reduced symmetries**
- Recently many efforts to classify IR geometries (Iizuka, Kachru, Trivedi et al, Gouteraux + Kiritsis, ...)



layered structure in cuprate superconductor



smectic order in a napoleon

My focus today:

- the **vacuum structure** of some of these scaling geometries (Lifshitz scaling and hyperscaling violation)
- features and questions associated with the rich landscape of IR phases
- Potential applications to transport → **RG flows with intermediate scaling regimes, visible in the conductivity**

Lifshitz scaling and hyperscaling violation

➤ Non-relativistic Lifshitz scaling

Dynamical critical exponent $z \rightarrow$ anisotropy between space and time

$$\omega \sim k^z \qquad x \rightarrow \lambda x, \quad t \rightarrow \lambda^z t$$

Characterizes scaling of thermo quantities $s(T) \sim T^{\frac{d}{z}}$

➤ Hyperscaling violation $\theta \rightarrow$ anomalous scaling of free energy

\rightarrow critical excitations do not live in the naïve number of dimensions

$$s(T) \sim T^{\frac{d-\theta}{z}}$$

shifts effective dimensionality
of the system $d_{\text{eff}} = d - \theta$

$d_{\text{eff}}=1$ of interest for compressible states and systems w/ Fermi surface ($S_{\text{ent}} \sim A \log A$)
[Huijse/Sachdev/Swingle, Takayanagi et al] But FS not easily captured by holography.

How do we geometrize these scalings?

'Minimal' model:

Exact solutions to simple EMD theory (either electric or magnetic field)

$$\mathcal{L}_{d+2} = R - 2(\partial\phi)^2 - e^{2\alpha\phi} F^2 - V_0 e^{-\eta\phi}$$

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z

$$ds_{d+2}^2 = \left(-r^{-2z} dt^2 + \frac{dr^2 + d\vec{x}^2}{r^2} \right)$$

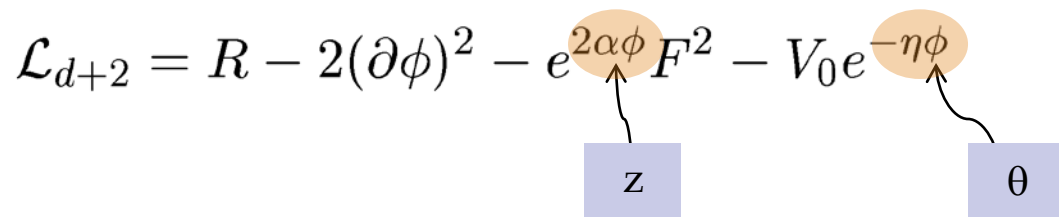
$$t \rightarrow \lambda^z t, \quad \vec{x} \rightarrow \lambda \vec{x}, \quad r \rightarrow \lambda r$$

$$\phi(r) \sim \log(r)$$

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$$ds_{d+2}^2 = \left(-r^{-2z} dt^2 + \frac{dr^2 + d\vec{x}^2}{r^2} \right) r^{2\theta/d}$$

$$t \rightarrow \lambda^z t, \quad \vec{x} \rightarrow \lambda \vec{x}, \quad r \rightarrow \lambda r \quad ds \rightarrow \lambda^{\theta/d} ds$$

$$\phi(r) \sim \log(r)$$

no longer scale invariant

In general, **anomalous scaling of gauge field** (important to understand conductive properties [Gouteraux, Obers et al., Gouteraux/Kiritsis, Karch])

→ must assign separate scaling rules to matter fields to ensure invariance of EOMs

Natural question: IR endpoint of these scaling solutions?

Solutions are supported by a **running dilatonic scalar** $\phi \sim \log r$

→ not expected to be a good description of the geometry in the deep IR

$$\mathcal{L} = R - 2(\partial\phi)^2 - e^{2\alpha\phi} F^2 - V_0 e^{-\eta\phi}$$

Effective gauge coupling of the theory $g \equiv e^{-\alpha\phi}$ drives system to

**strong coupling
(magnetic case)**

Expect modifications to $g(\phi)$, e.g.

$$\frac{1}{g^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{g^2} + \xi_1 + \xi_2 g^2 + \dots$$

(toy model for QM corrections)

**weak coupling
(electric case)**

Expect higher derivative terms
no longer negligible

(tree level terms comparable to F^4, \dots)

Also curvature + tidal singularities [Copsey/Mann, Horowitz/Way,
Bao/Dong/Harrison/Silverstein]

IR completion of hyperscaling violation

[arXiv:1208.1752 – J. Bhattacharya, S.C. , A. Sinkovics]

See also Trivedi
et al, 1208.2008

In the Lifshitz case, a toy model for QM corrections generates $\text{AdS}_2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ in deep IR
[Harrison/Kachru/Wang 1202.6635]

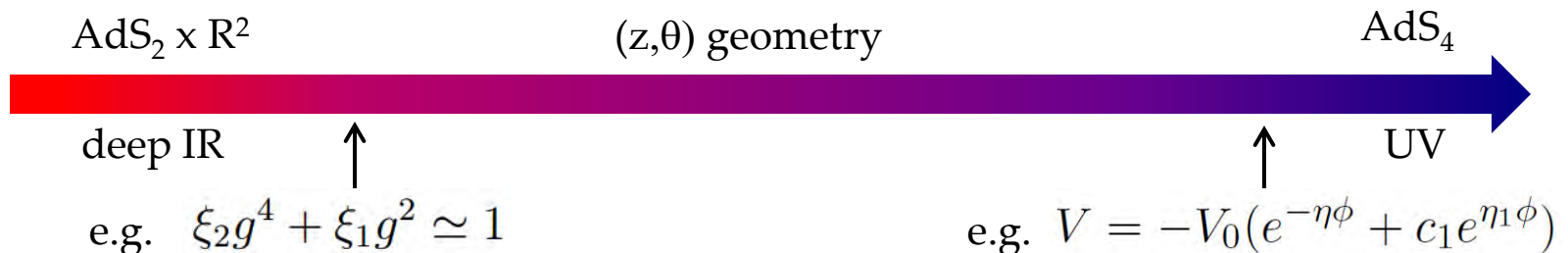
Our starting point:

$$\mathcal{L} = R - 2(\partial\phi)^2 - f(\phi)F^2 - V(\phi)$$
$$f(\phi) = e^{2\alpha\phi}, \quad V(\phi) = -V_0 e^{-\eta\phi}$$

Explored **conditions for emergence of $\text{AdS}_2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$** in deep IR :

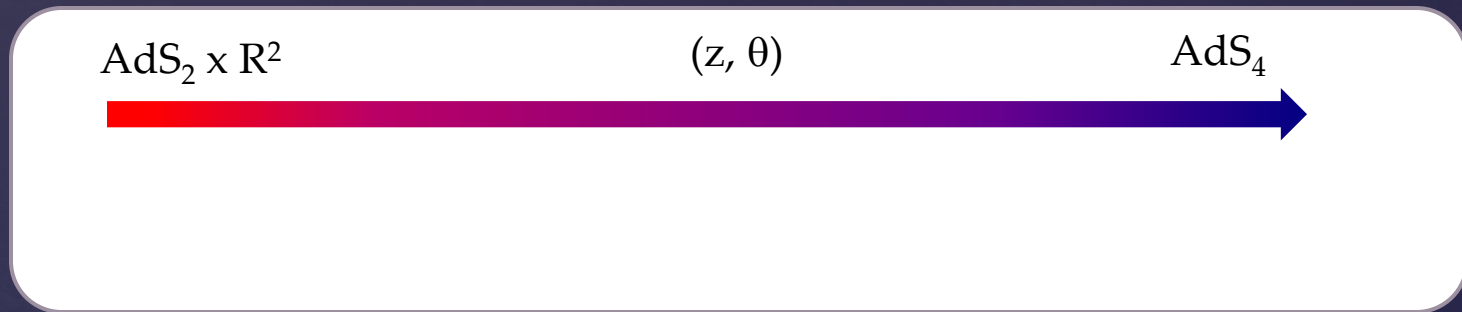
- **generic IR modifications to $f(\phi)$ and $V(\phi)$** \rightarrow whether of classical or 'quantum' origin (toy model of QM corrections as baby example)

We constructed **explicit zero temperature solutions which realize this RG flow.**



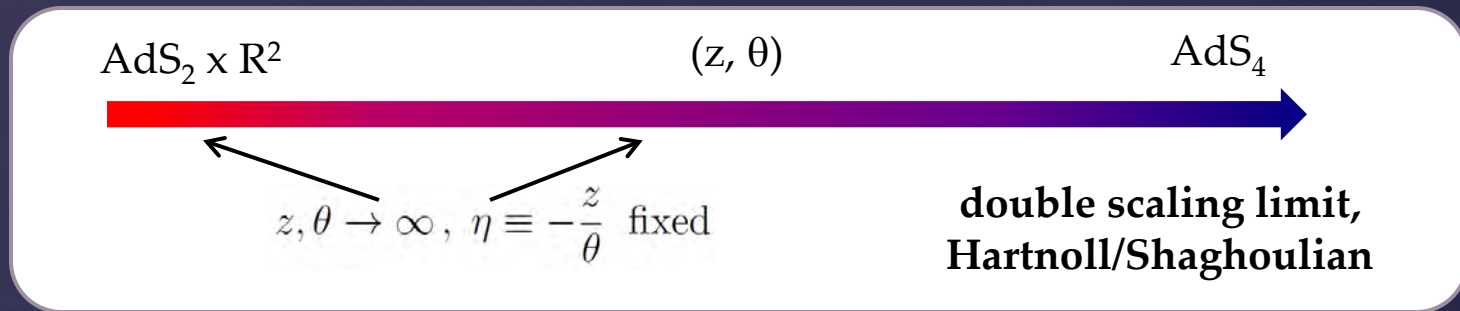
Main Message:

- These scaling geometries should be thought of as intermediate solutions
- In many cases their 'naïve' IR completion is $\text{AdS}_2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$



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- In many cases their 'naïve' **IR completion is $\text{AdS}_2 \times \text{R}^2$**



This picture has emerged in a number of setups:

- Dyonic charges [Trivedi et al, 1208.2008]
- Higher derivative and QM corrections provide stabilization mechanism $\rightarrow \text{AdS}_2 \times \text{R}^2$ [Knodel/Liu, Peet et al, Cardoso/Haack et al,...]
- Various SUGRA truncations (sometimes with ' η -geometries' in IR or mid-IR) [Donos/Gauntlett/Pantelidou, Kulaxizi/Parnachev/Schalm,...]

Spatially Modulated Instabilities of (z,θ) geometries

[S.C. arXiv:1310.3279, S.C. and A. Sinkovics arXiv:1212.4172]

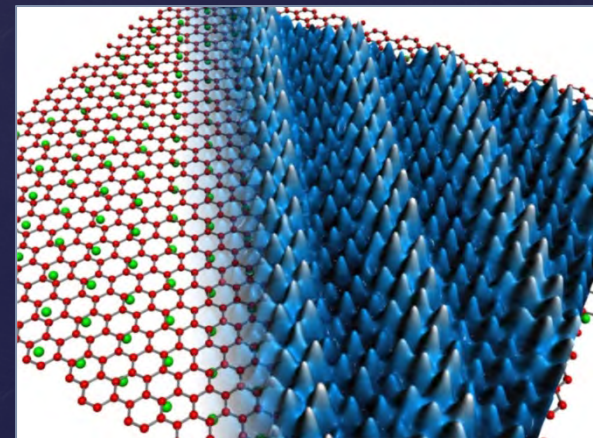
- Well-known extensive ground state entropy of $\text{AdS}_2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ (violates 3rd law)
Highly degenerate ground state – pathology or feature?
- New phases expected to emerge → $\text{AdS}_2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ should not be typical ground state

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- $\text{AdS}_2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$ suffers from **spatially modulated instabilities** in many setups
[Nakamura/Ooguri/Park, Donos/Gauntlett/Pantelidou,...]

$$\delta g = h(r) \cos kx, \dots$$



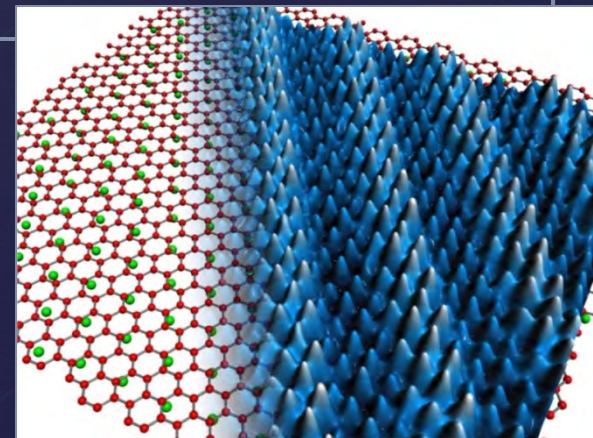
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Our logic: use knowledge of instabilities of AdS_2 region to identify
 (z,θ) geometries which are **unstable to spatially modulated phases**

ubiquitous in CM systems
(smectics, spin/charge density waves...)



Spatially modulated instabilities

Magnetic case 1212.4172
Purely electric in 1310.3279

Simple EMD setup: $\mathcal{L} = R - V(\phi) - 2(\partial\phi)^2 - f(\phi)F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu}$

Strategy:

1) require $f(\phi)$ and $V(\phi)$ to support solutions with:

- $\text{AdS}_2 \times \text{R}^2$ in the deep IR
- an intermediate regime of (z, θ) scaling:

$$f(\phi) = e^{2\alpha\phi} + \dots$$

$$V(\phi) = V_0 e^{-\eta\phi} + \dots$$

corrections negligible
in intermediate region

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2) **turn on spatially modulated fluctuations** of IR $\text{AdS}_2 \times \text{R}^2$ geometry

3) **identify conditions on $f(\phi_h)$ and $V(\phi_h)$ that imply instabilities**
(finite-k modes that are tachyonic and violate AdS_2 BF bound)

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4) **map to instability conditions for (z, θ)** and other parameters of the theory

To give you a flavor...

Spectrum of scaling dimensions (small k approximation)

$$\delta_{1,2,3,4} = \frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\text{mess}}$$

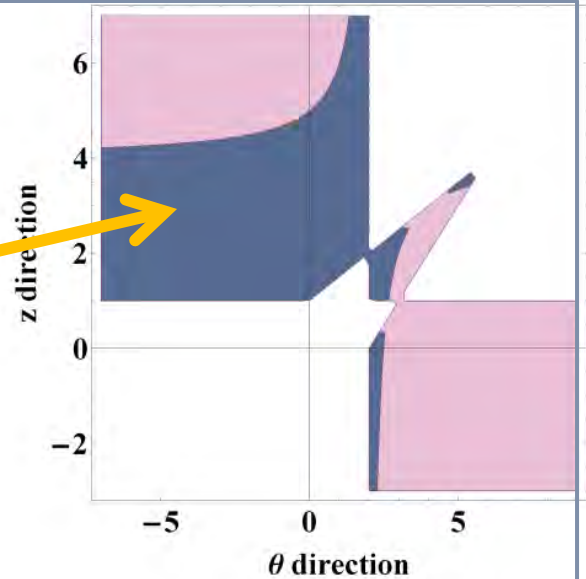
$$\text{mess} = [k = 0 \text{ terms}] \pm k^2 \left[\frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{2}{8 - V''_{eff}} \frac{f'^2}{f^2} \right]$$

Example from purely electric case [1310.3279]

$$f(\phi) = e^{\alpha\phi}, \quad V = V_0 e^{-\eta\phi} + \mathcal{V}(\phi)$$

spatially modulated instabilities
(provided constraint is obeyed)

$$\frac{8}{\theta - 2z + 2} = L^2 \left(\mathcal{V}''(\phi_0) - \frac{\theta^2}{(\theta - 2)(\theta - 2z + 2)} \mathcal{V}(\phi_0) \right)$$

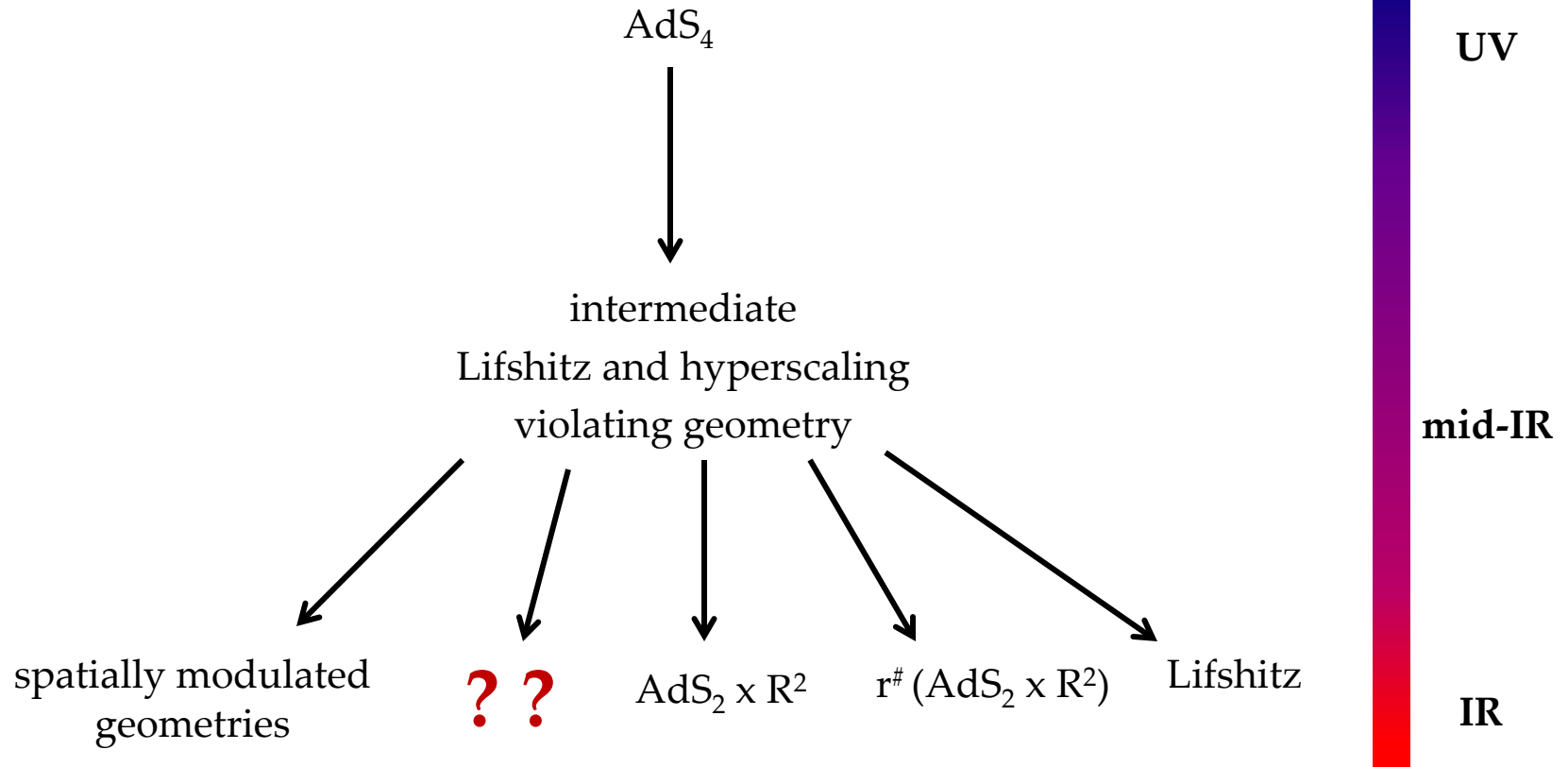


Take home message:

- evidence for spatially modulated phases ('stripes') as possible ground states of (certain) (z,θ) geometries

Similar instabilities found by analysing the (z,θ) geometries directly [Iizuka, Maeda 1301.5677]

Rich structure of IR phases



An AdS_4 IR completion of (z,θ) geometries

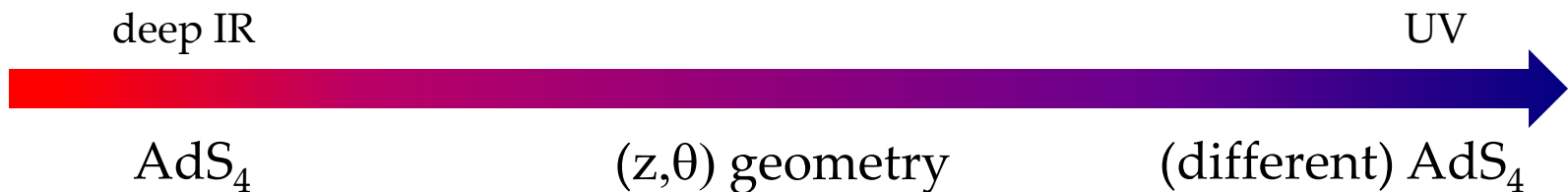
[Work with J. Bhattacharya and B. Gouteraux, to appear]



Natural question: are there other possible ground states?

Emergent conformal symmetry in the IR?

Picture we are exploring:



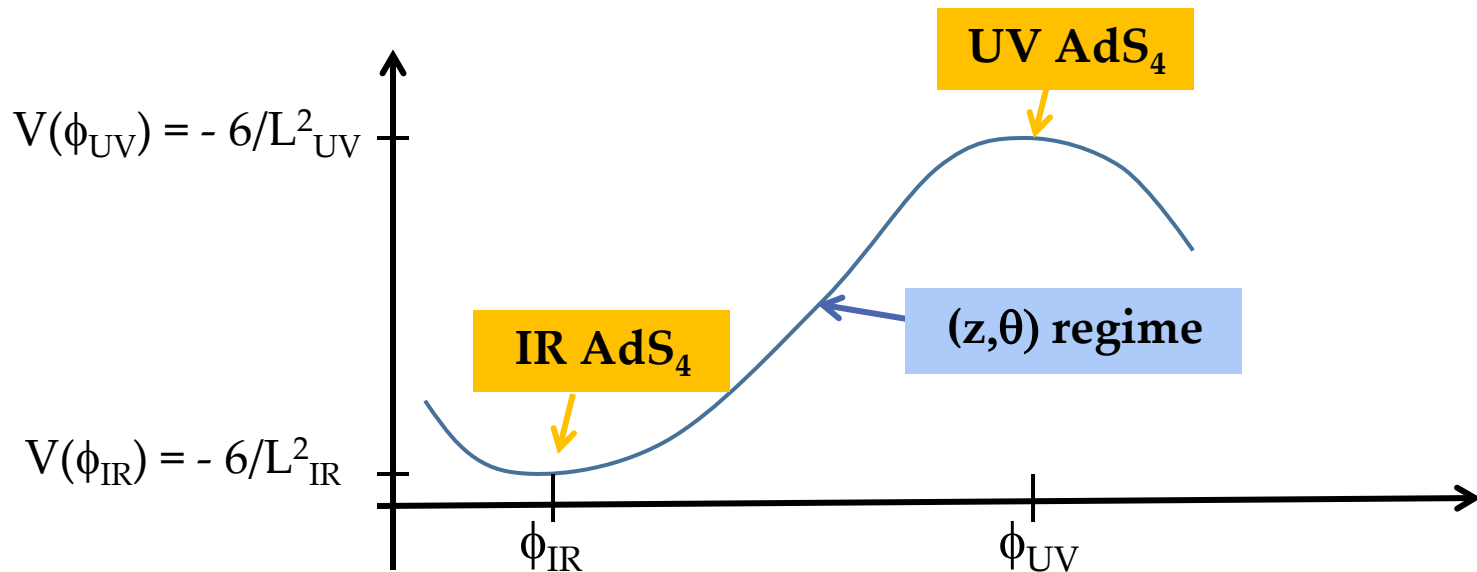
Analog of ground state of holographic superconductor but **with intermediate hyperscaling violating regime**

[Gubser/Rocha 0807.1737, Gubser /Nellore 0908.1972 ... , Horowitz/Roberts 0908.3677]

How can we engineer this flow?

Our toy model:

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{2}(\partial\phi)^2 - \frac{1}{4}Z(\phi) F^2 - \frac{1}{2}W(\phi) A^2 - V(\phi)$$

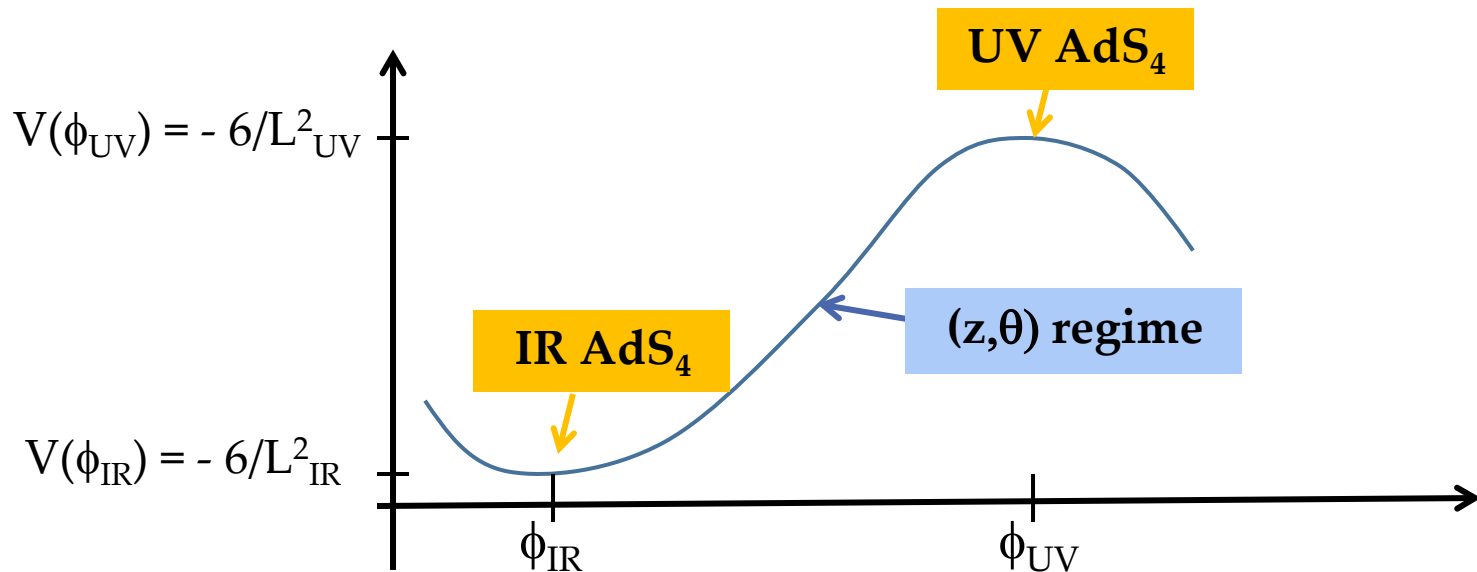


For appropriate couplings, model could describe broken-symmetry phase of theory w/ U(1) symmetry and a charged complex scalar

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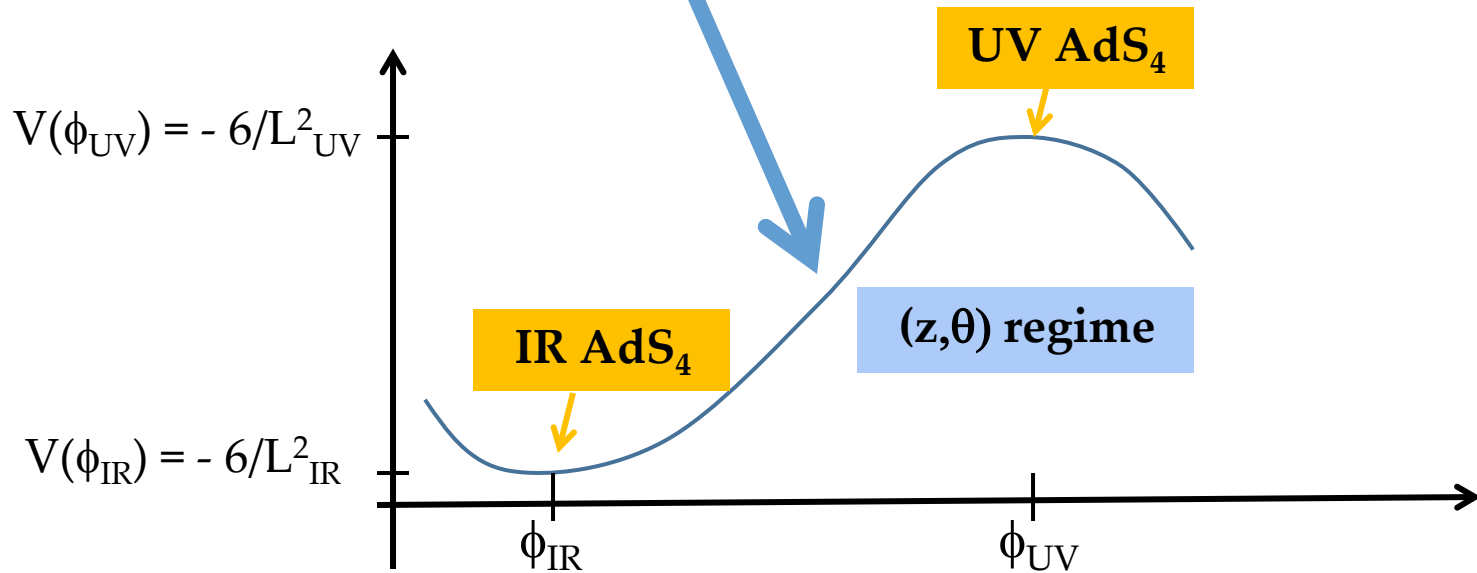
$$Z(\phi) = Z_0 e^{\alpha\phi}, \quad W(\phi) = 4W_0 \sinh^2\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\phi\right), \quad V(\phi) = 2V_0 \cosh \delta\phi + 2V_1 \cosh \gamma\phi + V_3$$



- Massive gauge field needed to source IR AdS₄ (W must vanish in UV)
- Scalar potential engineered to get intermediate scaling

Intermediate scaling regime

$$\mathcal{L}_{int} \sim R - \frac{1}{2} \partial\phi^2 - \frac{Z_0}{4} e^{\alpha\phi} F^2 - \frac{W_0}{2} e^{\beta\phi} A^2 - V_0 e^{-\eta\phi}$$

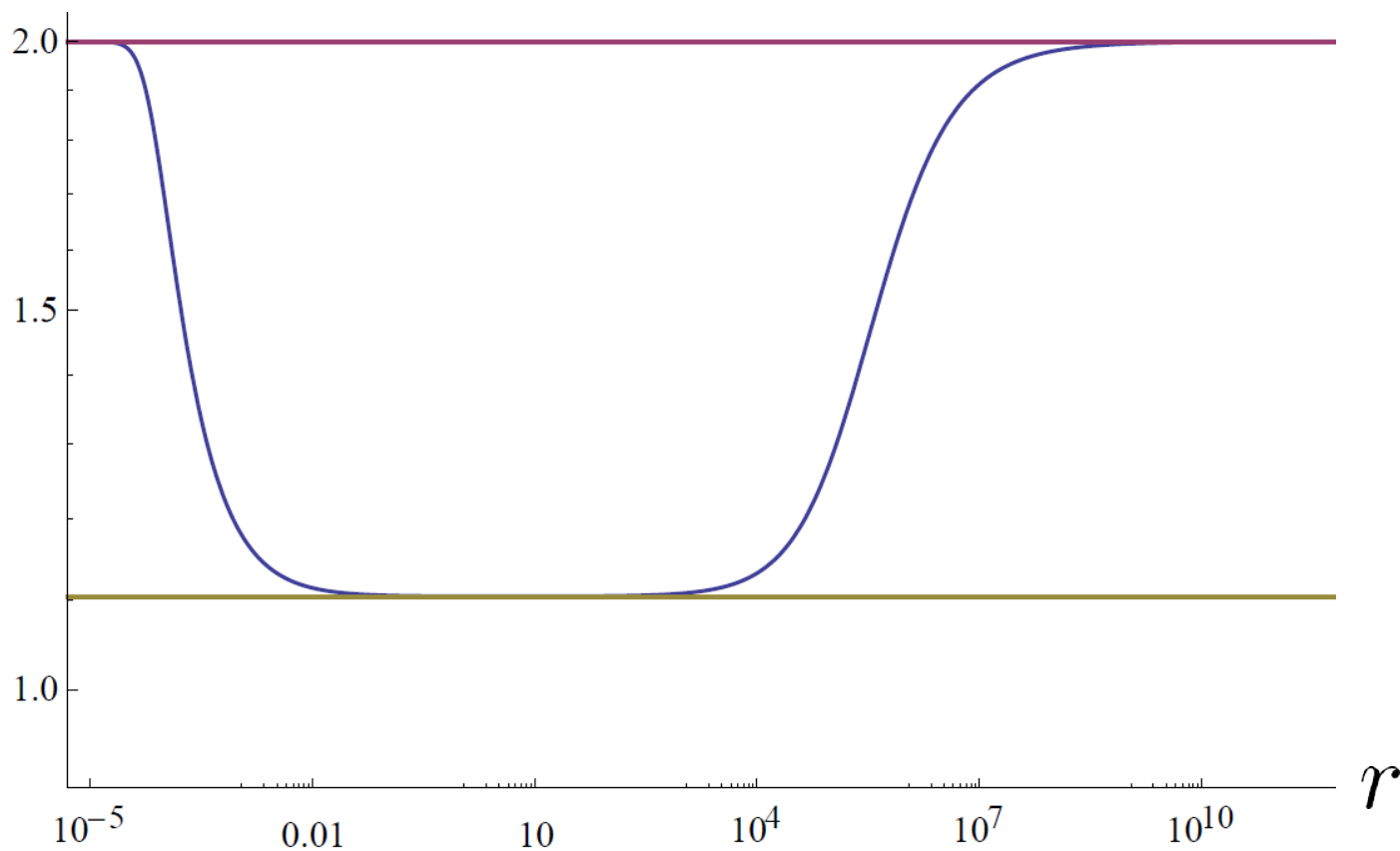


- Classes of (z, θ) solutions to 'intermediate' model were found in e.g. Gouteraux + Kiritsis [arxiv:1212.2625] when $\beta = \alpha - \eta$

Background

$$z = 1, \theta = -162/19$$

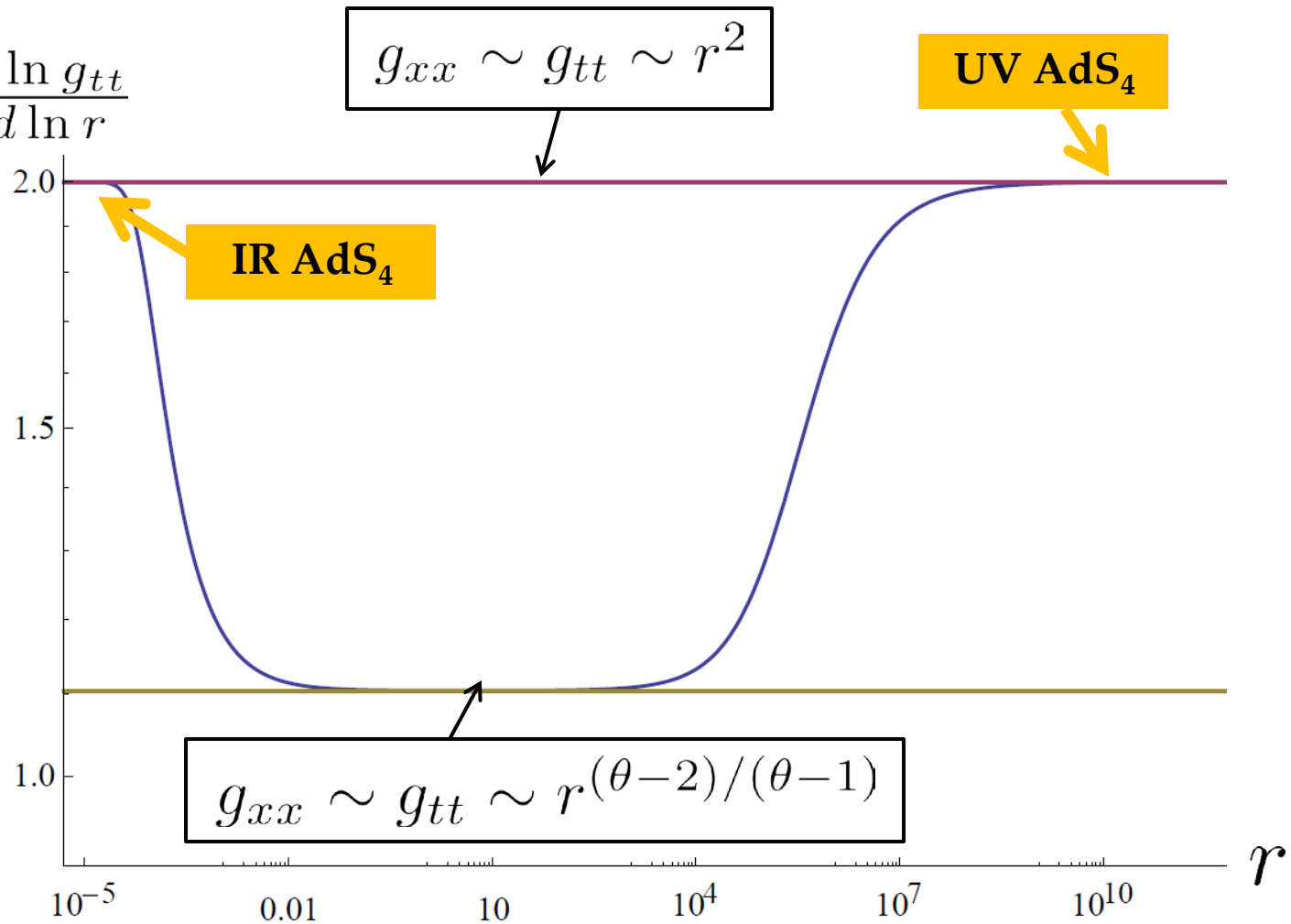
$$\frac{d \ln g_{xx}}{d \ln r}, \frac{d \ln g_{tt}}{d \ln r}$$



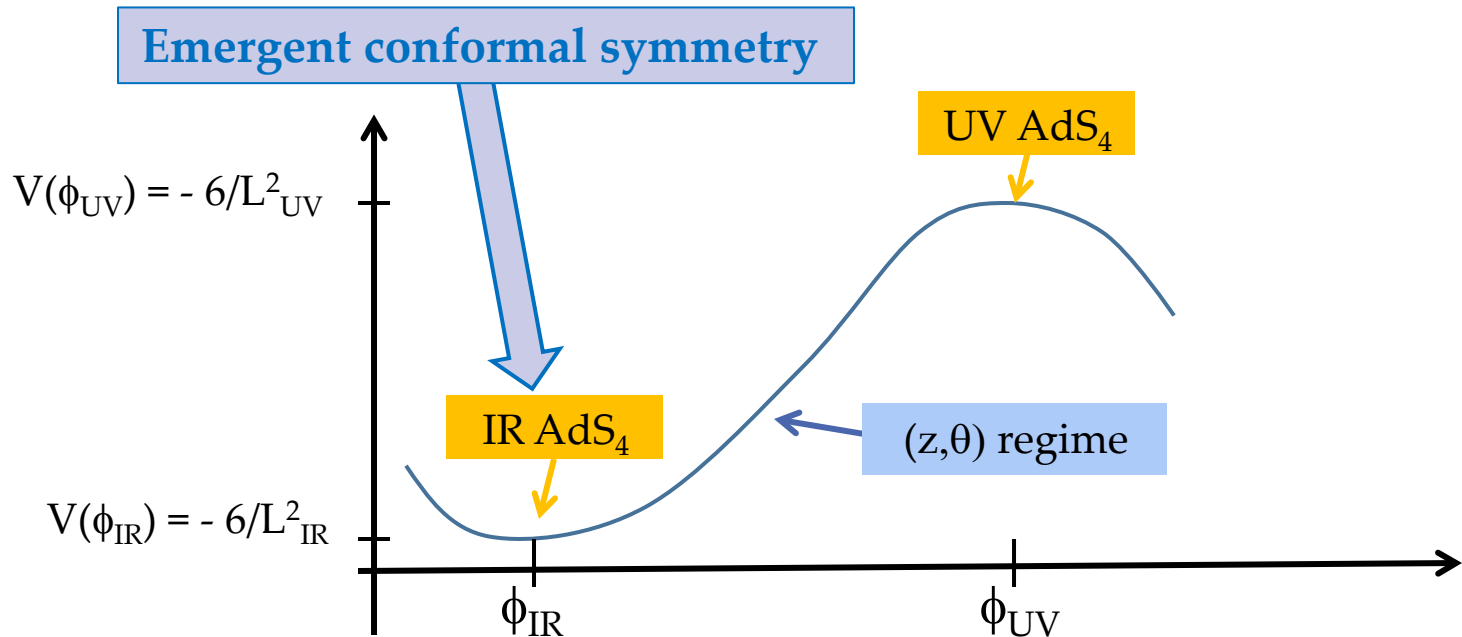
Background

$$z = 1, \theta = -162/19$$

$$\frac{d \ln g_{xx}}{d \ln r}, \frac{d \ln g_{tt}}{d \ln r}$$



Features of our toy model



- **New ground state** for scaling solutions w/out extensive entropy
- Interplay between **different scalings at different energy scales**
- Applications to transport: **expect intermediate scaling regime**
[see also talk by Blaise Gouteraux]

AC Conductivity

$$\mathcal{L} = R - \frac{1}{2}(\partial\phi)^2 - \frac{Z(\phi)}{4}F^2 - \frac{1}{2}W(\phi)A^2 - V(\phi)$$

perturbations $\delta g_{tx}, \delta A_x$

The gauge field fluctuation $\delta A_x(t, r) = a_x(r)e^{-i\omega t}$ obeys:

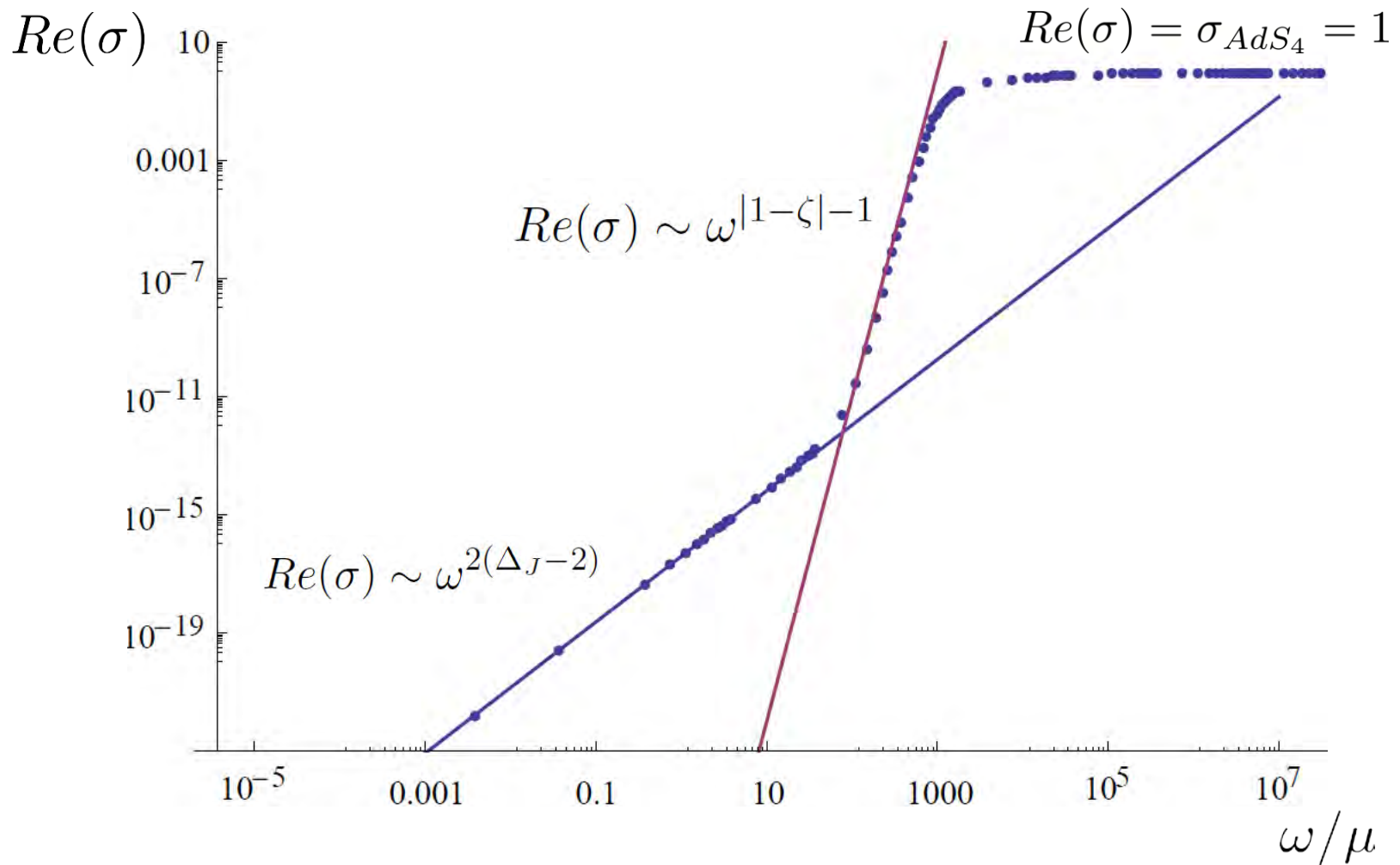
$$\partial_r \left(Z \sqrt{\frac{D}{B}} \partial_r a_x \right) + \left[Z \sqrt{\frac{B}{D}} \omega^2 - \frac{Z^2}{\sqrt{BD}} (\partial_r A_t)^2 - W \sqrt{BD} \right] a_x = 0$$

Can be rewritten in **Schrodinger's form**:

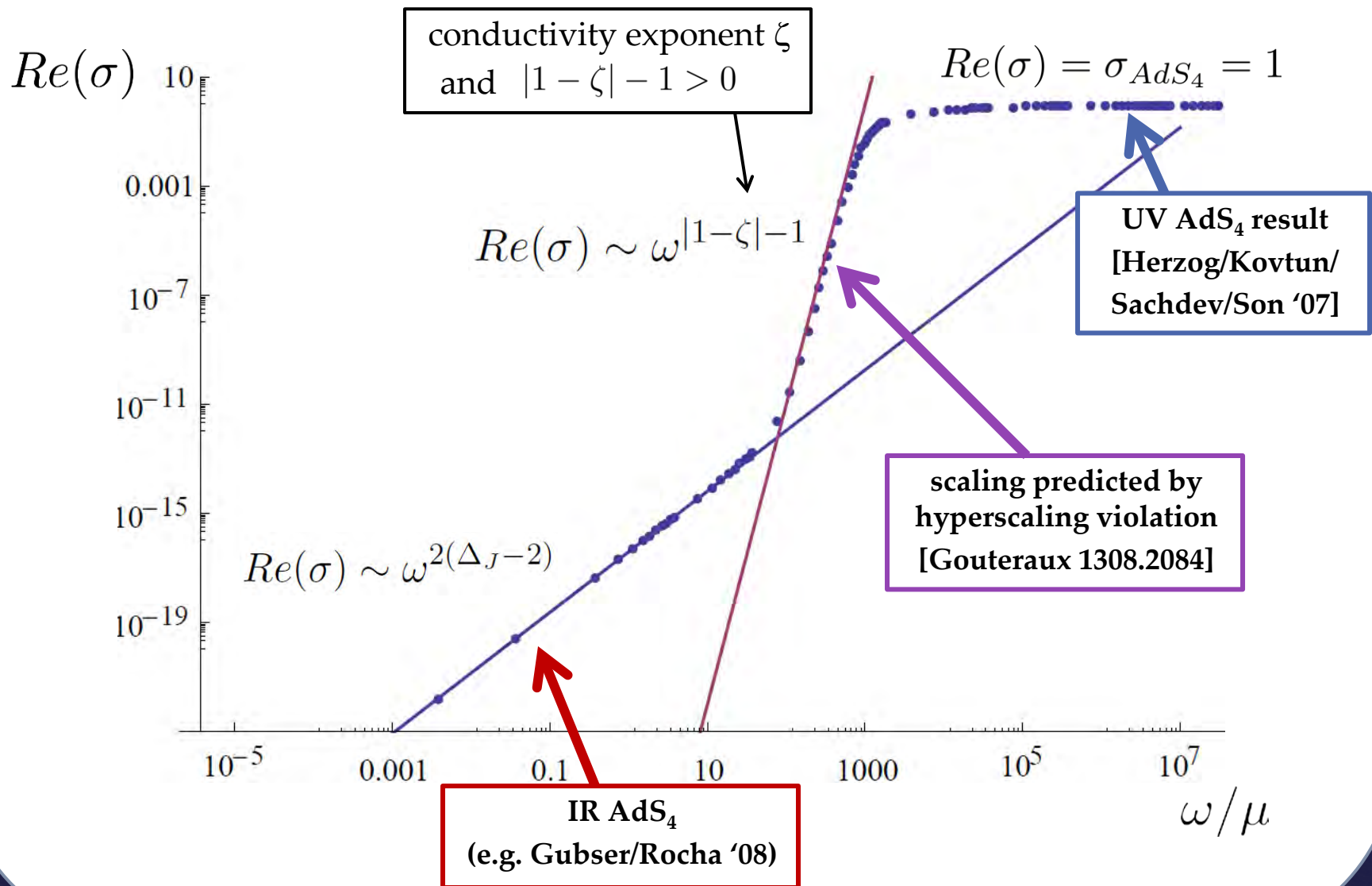
$$-a'' + \mathcal{V} a = \omega^2 a$$
$$\mathcal{V} = \frac{Z A_t'^2}{g_{tt}} + \frac{W g_{tt}}{Z} - \frac{Z'^2}{4Z^2} + \frac{Z''}{2Z}$$

→ $\sigma(\omega)$ can be computed using the **method of matched asymptotics**
[Gubser + Rocha '08]

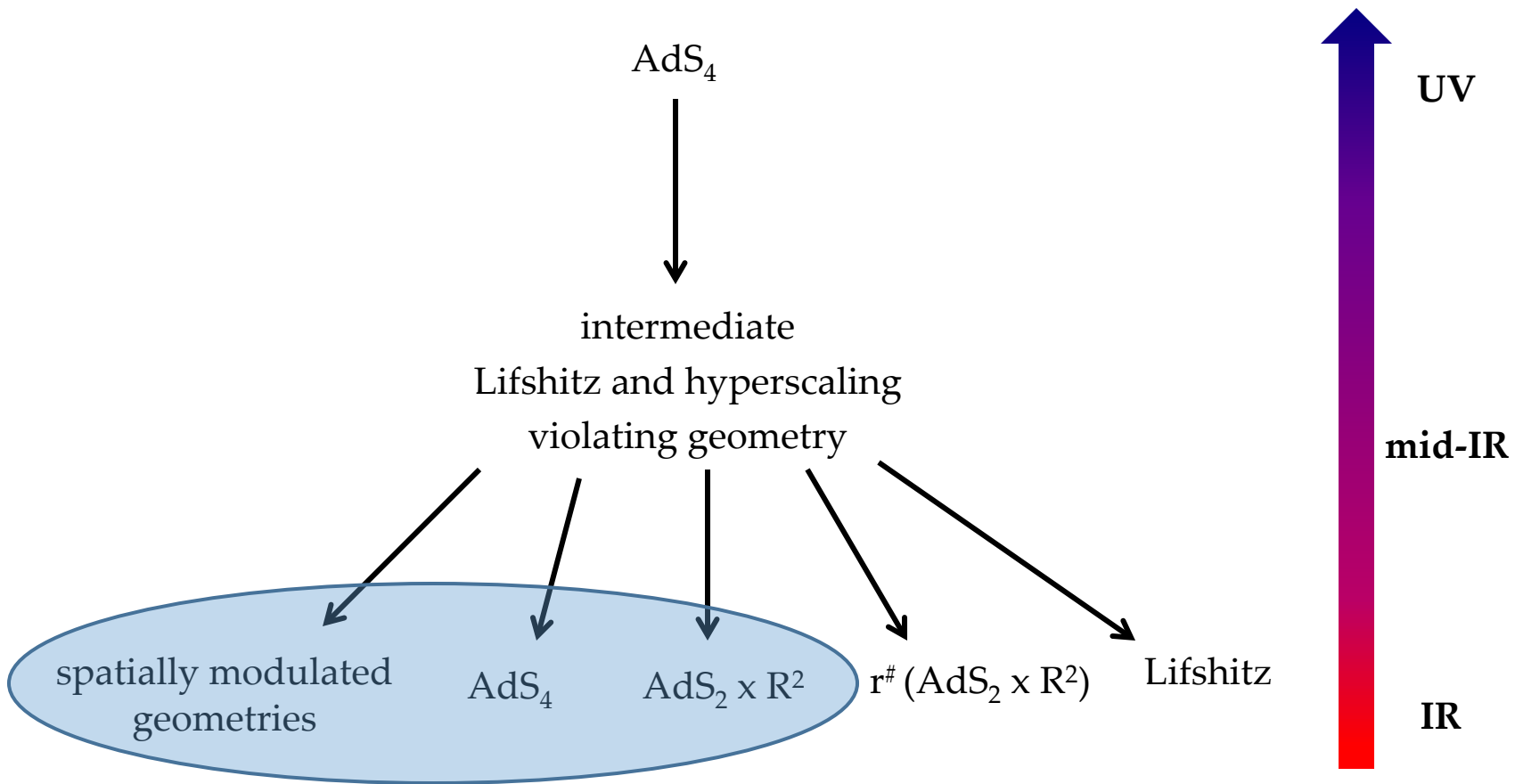
Preliminary plots – intermediate scaling regime



Preliminary plots – intermediate scaling regime



Rich structure of IR phases



To wrap up...

- The structure of phases from gravity is much richer than anticipated
- Interesting RG flows, emergent IR phases and intermediate scalings
- More lessons ahead as the dialogue between gravity and quantum field theories continues

Thank You

