

Far-from-equilibrium coarsening, defect formation, and holography

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<http://www.tcm.phy.cam.ac.uk/~amg73/>

arXiv:1407.1862



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FCT

Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia
MINISTÉRIO DA CIÊNCIA, TECNOLOGIA E ENSINO SUPERIOR

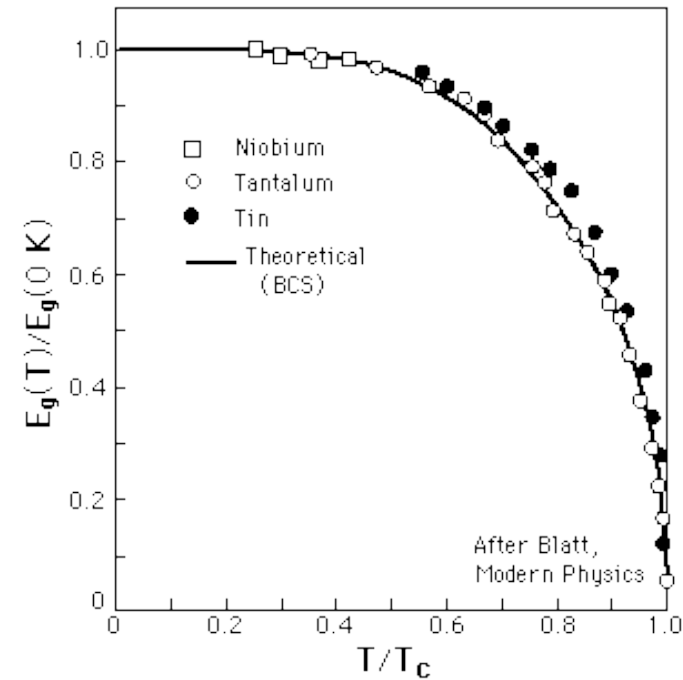


MARIE CURIE ACTIONS

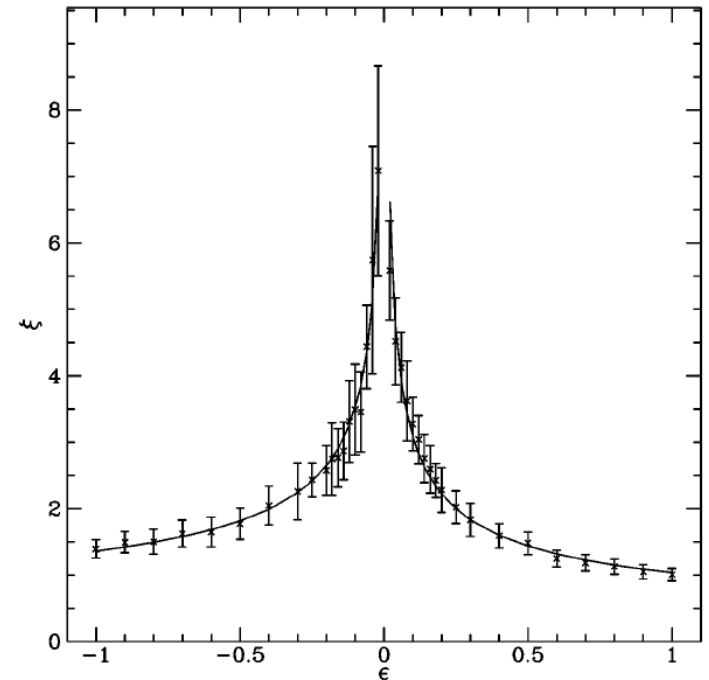
EPSRC

Engineering and Physical Sciences
Research Council

Second order phase transitions



$$\epsilon = (T - T_c)/T_c$$



$$\langle \psi \rangle \neq 0 \quad T < T_c$$

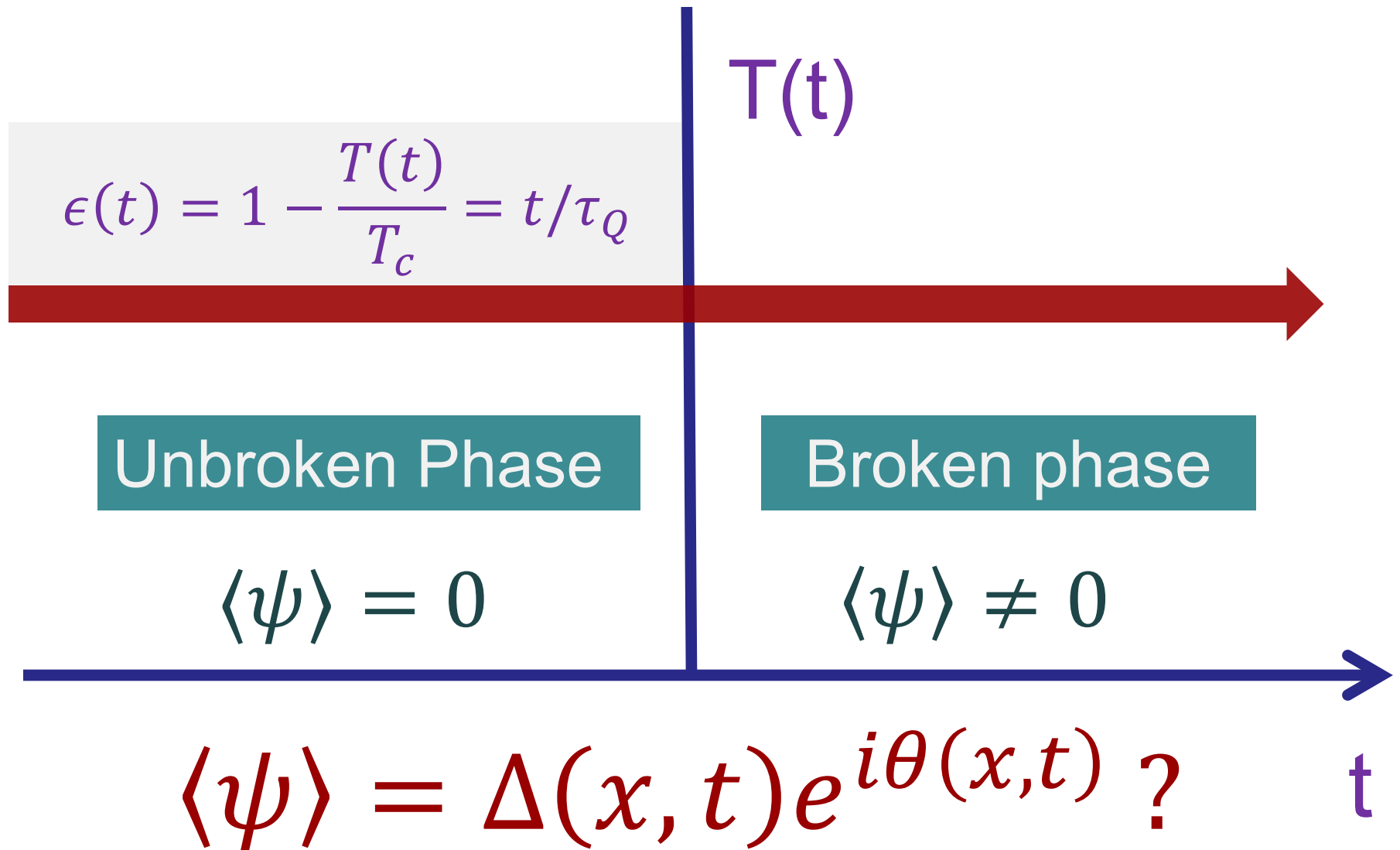
$$\langle \psi \rangle = 0 \quad T > T_c$$

$$\tau_{eq} = \tau_0 |\epsilon|^{-\nu z}$$

$$\xi_{eq} = \xi_0 |\epsilon|^{-\nu}$$

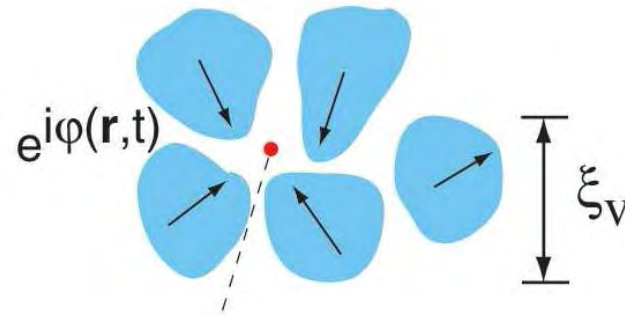
Drive from $\langle \psi \rangle = 0$ to $\langle \psi \rangle \neq 0$?

Dynamical phase transitions

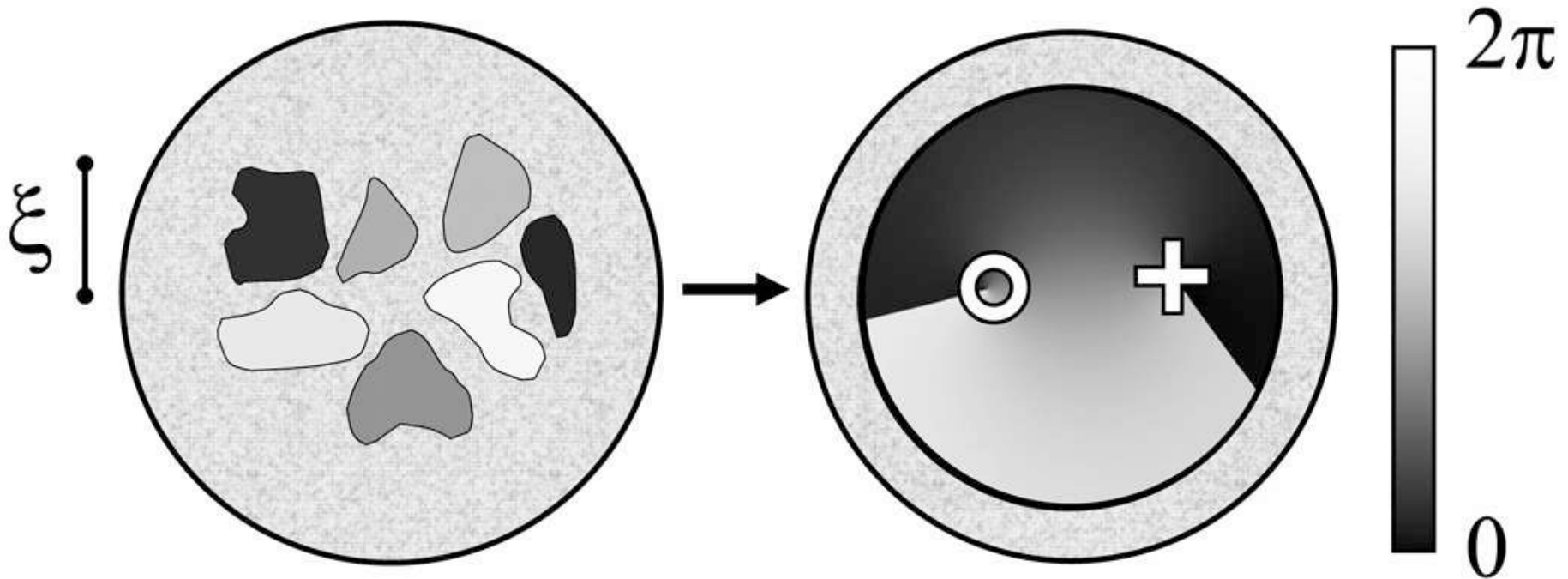


Vortices in the sky

Cosmic strings

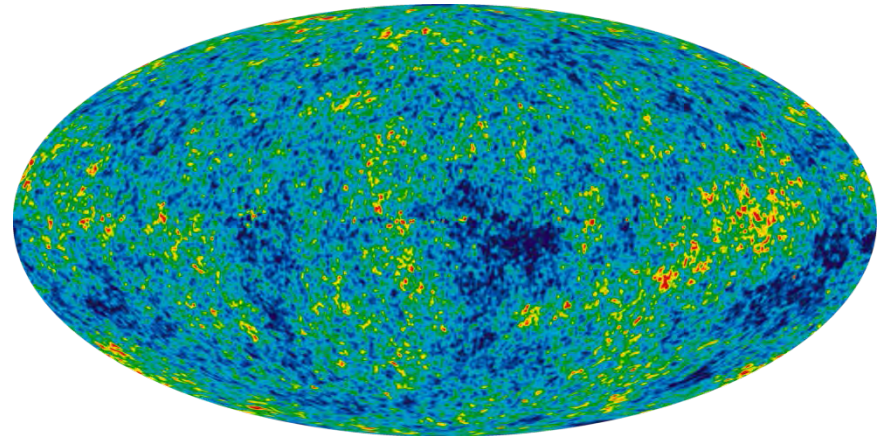


Generation of Structure

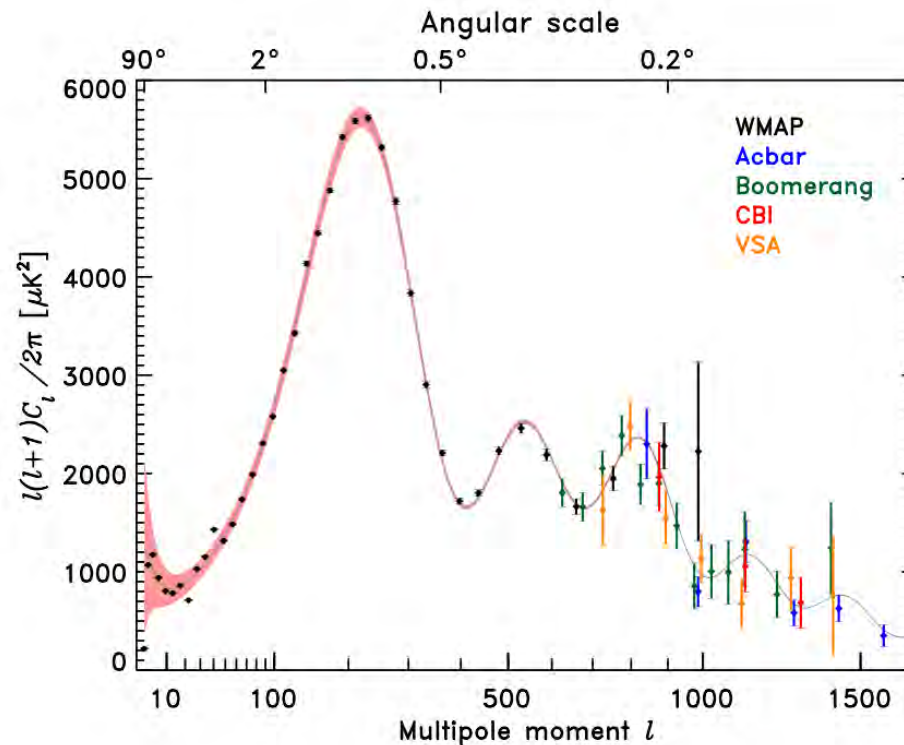


No evidence so far !

CMB, galaxy distributions...



NASA/WMAP



Cosmological experiments in superfluid helium?

Doable for ^4He !!



Zurek

W. H. Zurek

Theoretical Astrophysics, Los Alamos National Laboratory,
Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545, USA Nature 317, 505 (1985)

$T \approx T_c$
2nd order



Scaling
 $\tau(T_c) = \infty$

$$\epsilon(t) = 1 - \frac{T(t)}{T_c} = t/\tau_Q$$

$t = -\hat{t} \equiv -t_{freeze}$
 $t = \hat{t} \equiv t_{freeze}$

Non adiabatic evolution
Defect generation!

$$\epsilon(t) = t/\tau_Q$$

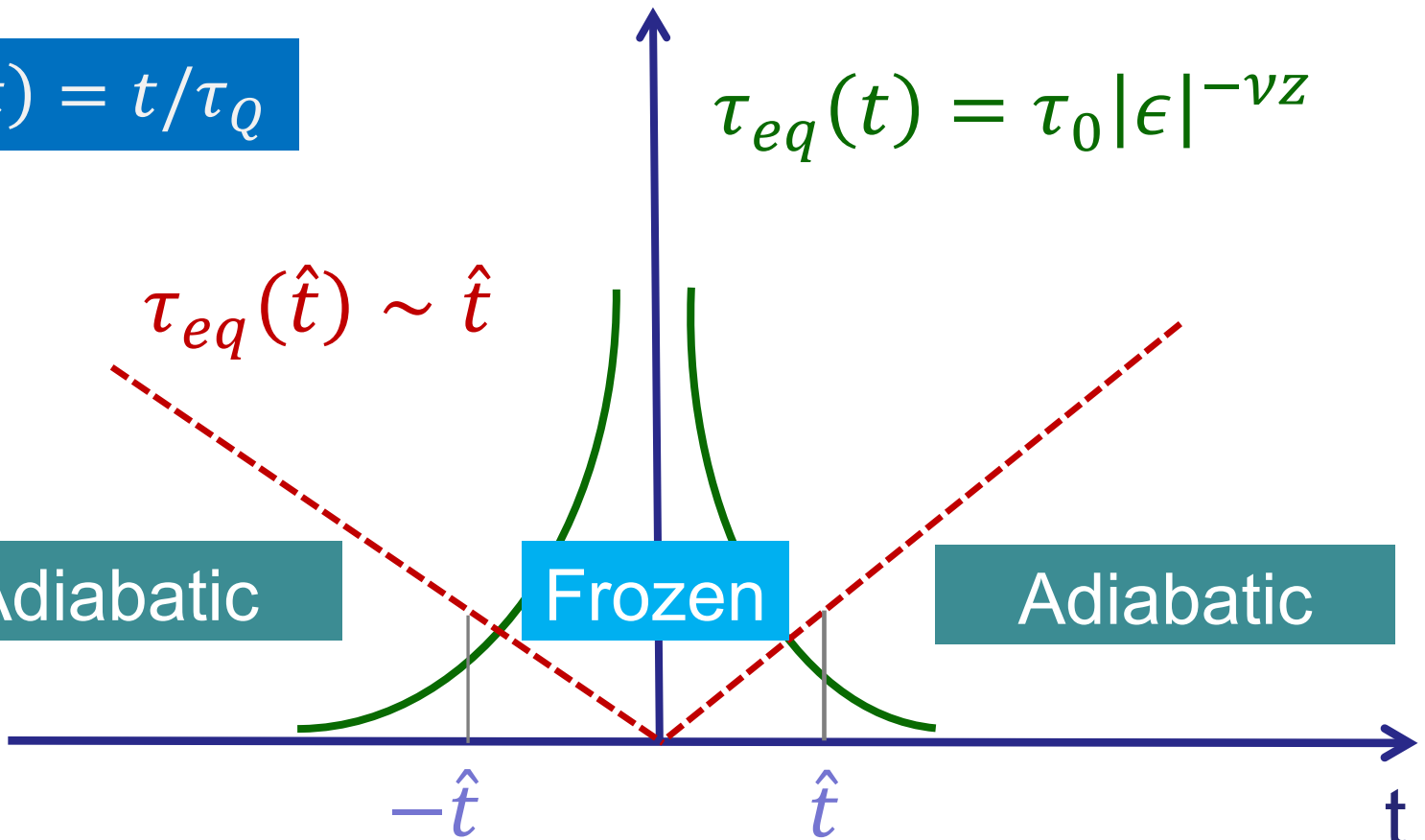
$$\tau_{eq}(t) = \tau_0 |\epsilon|^{-\nu z}$$

$$\tau_{eq}(\hat{t}) \sim \hat{t}$$

Adiabatic

Frozen

Adiabatic



$$\hat{\xi} = \xi_0 |\hat{\epsilon}|^{-\nu} = \xi_0 (\tau_Q/\tau_0)^{\nu/(1+\nu z)}$$

Kibble-Zurek mechanism

$$\rho \sim \hat{\xi}^{-d} \sim \tau_Q^{-d\nu/(1+\nu z)}$$

Generation of defects in superfluid ^4He as an analogue of the formation of cosmic strings

P. C. Hendry*, N. S. Lawson*, R. A. M. Lee*, P. V. E. McClintock* & C. D. H. Williams†

* School of Physics and Materials, Lancaster University, Lancaster LA1 4YB, UK

† Department of Physics, University of Exeter, Exeter EX4 4QL, UK

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Transient
attenuation of
second sound
amplitude

But vortices
induced by stirring
up!

VOLUME 81, NUMBER 17

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

26 OCTOBER 1998

Nonappearance of Vortices in Fast Mechanical Expansions of Liquid ^4He through the Lambda Transition

M. E. Dodd,¹ P. C. Hendry,¹ N. S. Lawson,¹ P. V. E. McClintock,¹ and C. D. H. Williams²

¹*Department of Physics, Lancaster University, Lancaster, LA1 4YB, United Kingdom*

²*Department of Physics, University of Exeter, Stocker Road, Exeter EX4 4QL, United Kingdom*

No vortices in ^4He !!

G. Karra, R. J. Rivers, PRL. 81, 3707 (1998)

Vortex formation in neutron-irradiated superfluid ^3He as an analogue of cosmological defect formation

Ruutu, Nature 382, 334-336 (1996)

Laboratory simulation of cosmic string formation in the early Universe using superfluid ^3He

C. Bäuerle et al. Nature 382, 332 (1996)

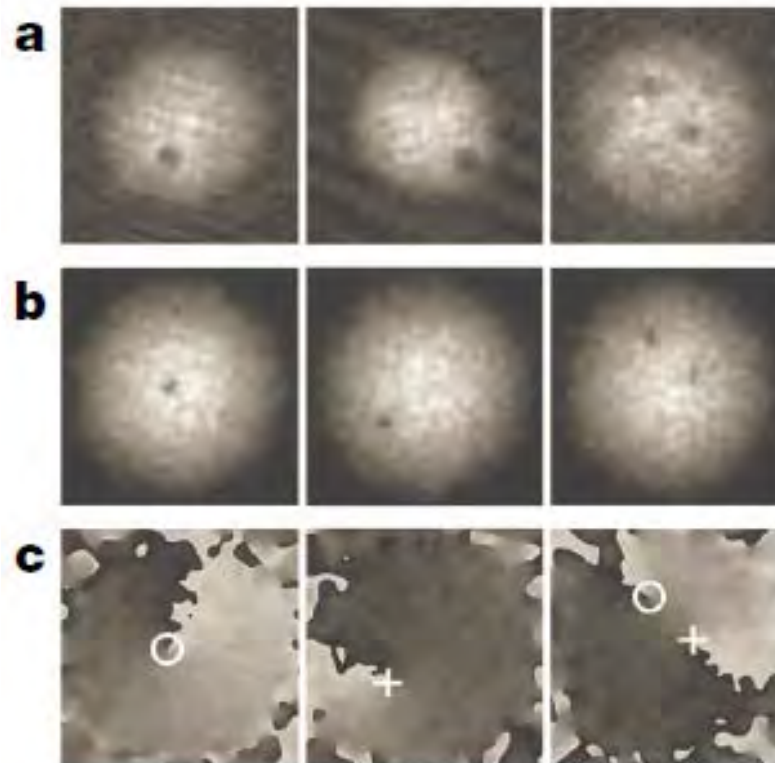
Thin SC films, nematic liquid crystal..



LETTERS

Spontaneous vortices in the formation of Bose–Einstein condensates

Chad N. Weiler¹, Tyler W. Neely¹, David R. Scherer¹, Ashton S. Bradley²†, Matthew J. Davis² & Brian P. Anderson¹



ARTICLE

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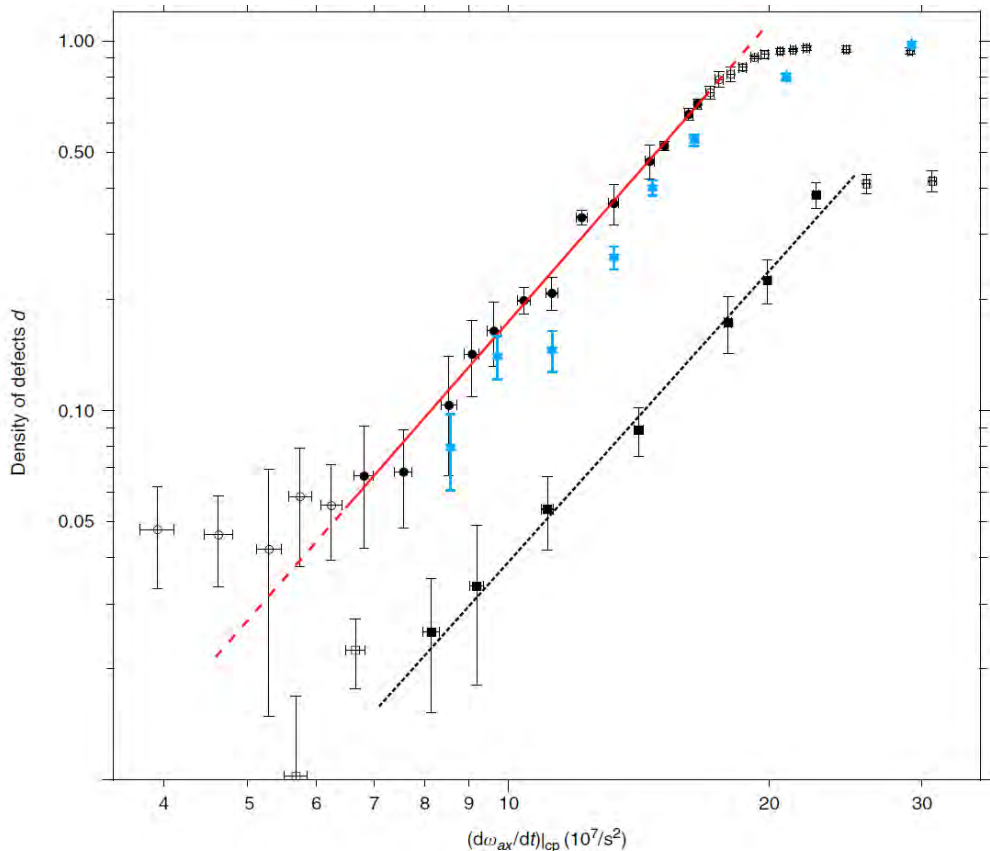
DOI: 10.1038/ncomms3290

Observation of the Kibble–Zurek scaling law for defect formation in ion crystals

S. Ulm¹, J. Roßnagel¹, G. Jacob¹, C. Degünther¹, S.T. Dawkins¹, U.G. Poschinger¹, R. Nigmatullin^{2,3}, A. Retzker⁴, M.B. Plenio^{2,3}, F. Schmidt-Kaler¹ & K. Singer¹

KZ scaling with the quench speed

Too few defects



Extension to quantum phase transitions

Zurek, Zoller, et al, "Dynamics of a quantum phase transition." , PRL 95.10 (2005): 105701.

Analytical demonstration of KZ scaling in 1d Ising chain in transverse field

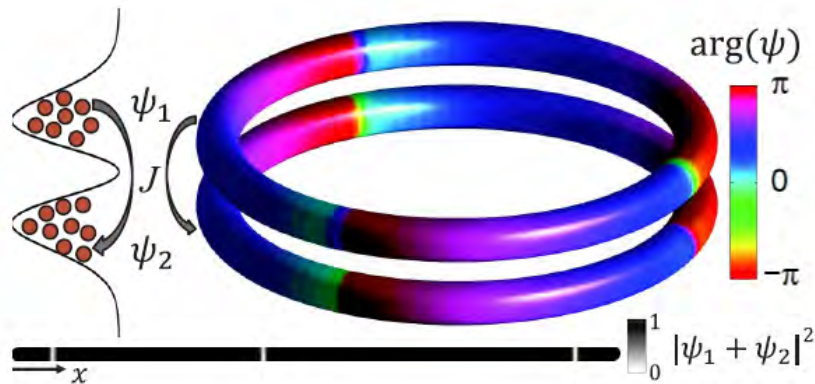
Dziarmaga "Dynamics of a quantum phase transition: Exact solution of the quantum Ising model." PRL 95.24 (2005): 245701.

Calculation of correlation functions

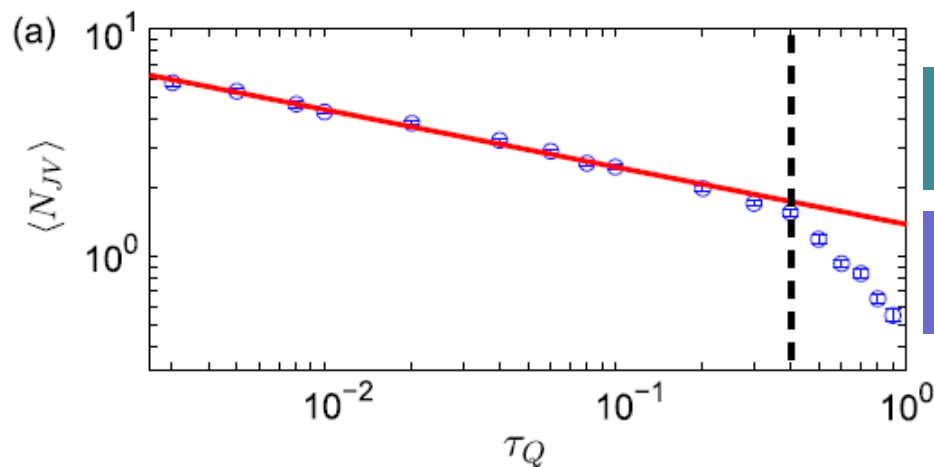
Kibble-Zurek problem: Universality and the scaling limit PRB 86, 064304, (2012), Gubser, Sondhi et al.

Kibble-Zurek Scaling and its Breakdown for Spontaneous Generation of Josephson Vortices in Bose-Einstein Condensates

Shih-Wei Su,¹ Shih-Chuan Gou,² Ashton Bradley,³ Oleksandr Fialko,⁴ and Joachim Brand⁴



Stochastic
Gross-Pitaevskii



Breaking of KZ scaling

Too few vortices !

Issues with KZ

$$\rho_{\text{KZ}} \sim 1/\xi_{\text{freeze}}^{d-D} \sim \tau_Q^{(d-D)\nu/(1+\nu z)}$$

Too many vortices

When does KZ scaling stop?

Fast quenches?

Can be t_{freeze} be truly relevant ?

Dynamic does not
have to be
adiabatic at t_{freeze}

No defects without
a well formed
condensate

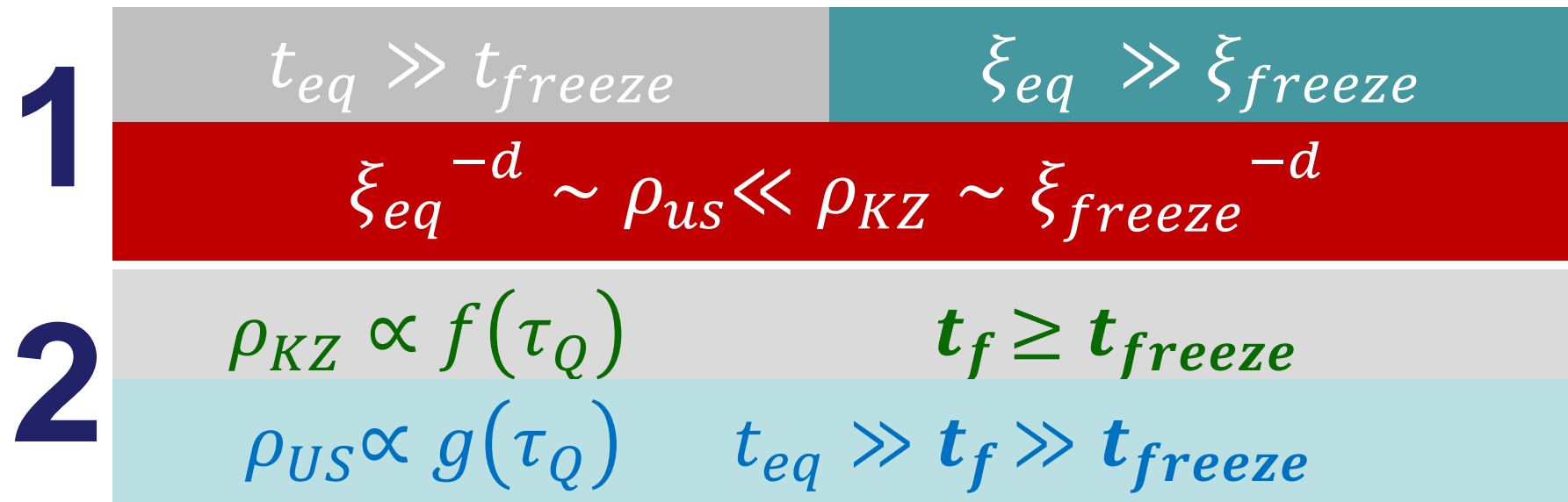
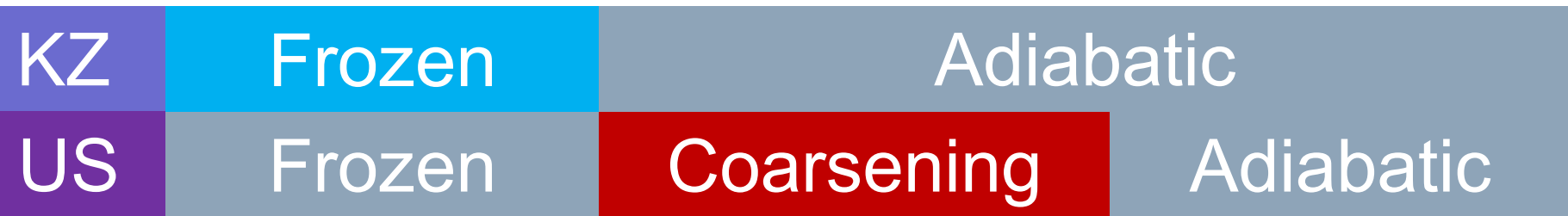
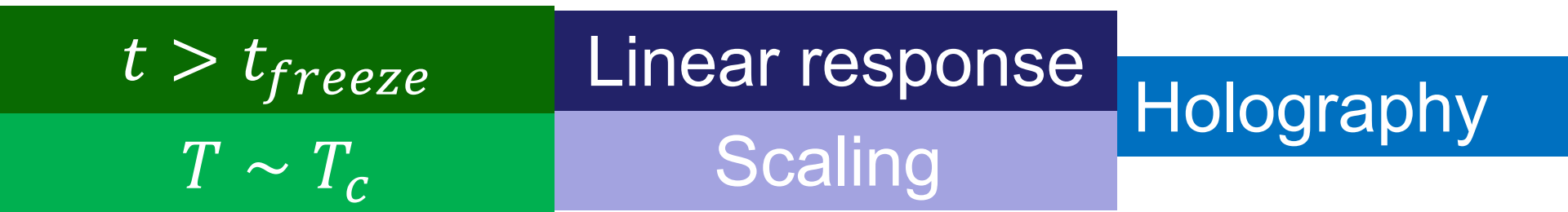


Another scale in
the problem

$t > t_{freeze}$ is
relevant

arXiv:1407.1862

Chesler, AGG, Liu



Non adiabatic growth after t_{freeze}

$$C(t, \mathbf{r}) \equiv \langle \psi^*(t, \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{r}) \psi(t, \mathbf{x}) \rangle$$

$$\psi(t, \mathbf{q}) = \int dt' G_R(t, t', q) \varphi(t, \mathbf{q})$$

$$\langle \varphi^*(t, \mathbf{x}) \varphi(t', \mathbf{x}') \rangle = \zeta \delta(t - t') \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}')$$

$$G_R(t, t', q) = \theta(t - t') H(q) e^{-i \int_{t'}^t dt'' \mathbf{w}_0(\epsilon(t''), q)}$$

$$C(t, q) = \int dt' \zeta |G_R(t, t', q)|^2$$

$$C(t, q) = \int_{t_{freeze}}^t dt' \zeta |H(q)|^2 e^{2 \int_{t'}^t dt'' \text{Im } \mathbf{w}_0(\epsilon(t''), q)} + \dots$$

$$\mathbf{w}_0(\epsilon, q) = \epsilon^{z\nu} h(q\epsilon^{-\nu})$$

$$\text{Im } \mathbf{w}_0 = -a\epsilon^{(z-2)\nu} q^2 + b\epsilon^{z\nu} + \dots,$$

$$\text{Im } \mathbf{w}_0 > 0$$

Unstable Modes



$$q_{max} \sim \epsilon(t)^\nu$$

Growth of
 $\langle \psi(t) \rangle$ $t > t_{freeze}$

Protocol

$$\epsilon(t) = t/\tau_Q$$

$$t \in (t_i, t_f)$$

$$t_i = (1 - T_i/T_c)\tau_Q < 0$$

$$t_f = (1 - T_f/T_c)\tau_Q > 0$$

Slow quenches

$$t_f \geq t_{eq}$$

$$t > t_{freeze}$$

Correlation length increases

$$C(t, r) \sim |\psi|^2(t) e^{-\frac{r^2}{2\ell_{co}^2(t)}} \quad \bar{t} \equiv \frac{t}{t_{freeze}}$$
$$\ell_{co}(\bar{t}) = a_3 \xi_{freeze} \bar{t}^{\frac{1+(z-2)\nu}{2}}$$

Condensate growth

$$|\psi|^2(t) \sim \tilde{\varepsilon}(t) e^{a_2 \bar{t}^{1+z\nu}}$$
$$\tilde{\varepsilon}(t) \equiv \zeta t_{freeze} \ell_{co}^{-d}(t)$$

Adiabatic evolution
 $t = t_{eq} \gg t_{freeze}$

$$|\psi|^2(t = t_{eq}) \sim |\psi|_{eq}^2(\epsilon(t_{eq}))$$

Defects

$$\rho(t_{eq}) \sim 1/\ell_{co}^{d-D}(t_{eq}) \sim [\log(\zeta^{-1} \tau_Q^\Lambda)]^{-\frac{(d-D)(1+(z-2)\nu)}{2(1+z\nu)}} \rho_{KZ}$$

Fast quenches

$$t_f \ll t_{eq}$$

$$q_{max}(T_f) = \epsilon(t_f)^{d\nu}$$

$$t > t_{freeze}$$

$$C(t, r) = |\psi|^2(t) e^{-\frac{r^2}{2\ell_{co}^2(t)}}$$

Fast
growth

$$|\psi|^2(t) \sim \epsilon_f^{(d-z)\nu} \zeta \exp[2b(t - t_{freeze})\epsilon_f^{\nu z}]$$

$$\ell_{co}^2(t) = 4a(t - t_{freeze})\epsilon_f^{\nu(z-2)}$$

Number of
defects

Independent
of τ_Q

$$\rho \sim \begin{cases} \epsilon_f^{(d-D)\nu} & R_f \lesssim O(1) \\ \epsilon_f^{(d-D)\nu} \log^{-\frac{d-D}{2}} R_f & R_f \gg 1 \end{cases} \quad R_f \equiv \frac{\epsilon_f^{2\beta}}{\zeta \epsilon_f^{(d-z)\nu}}$$

$$\Lambda = (2 - \eta - z)\nu$$

$$\epsilon_f \equiv \frac{T_c - T_f}{T_c}$$

Predictions

Fast growth $|\langle \psi(t) \rangle|^2$
 $t > t_{freeze}$

$$R \equiv \frac{\tau_Q^{-\frac{2\beta}{1+\nu z}}}{\varepsilon t_{freeze}} \sim \zeta^{-1} \tau_Q^{\frac{\Lambda}{1+\nu z}} \gg 1$$

$$\Lambda \equiv (d - z)\nu - 2\beta$$

$$\frac{t_{eq}}{t_{freeze}} \sim (\log R)^{\frac{1}{1+\nu z}}$$

$$\frac{\ell_{co}(t_{eq})}{\xi_{freeze}} \sim (\log R)^{\frac{1+(z-2)\nu}{2(1+z\nu)}}$$

$$\ell_{co}(t_{eq}) \equiv \xi_{eq}$$

of vortices for fast
and slow quenches

Defects only at
 $t_{eq} \gg t_{freeze}$

$$\rho_{US} \ll \rho_{KZ}$$

Breaking of scaling

$$t_{freeze} \ll t_f \ll t_{eq}$$

KZ

$$t_f < t_{freeze}$$

Holography?

Defects survive
large N limit

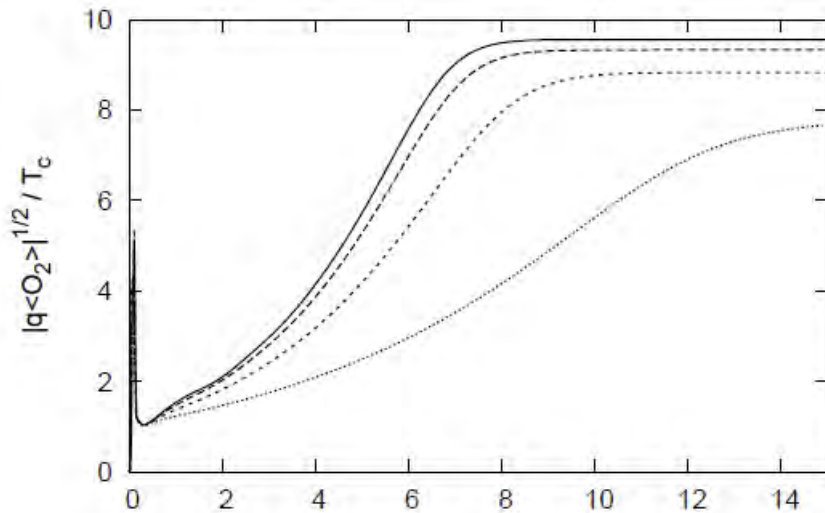
Universality

Real time

$\langle O_2(t) \rangle$

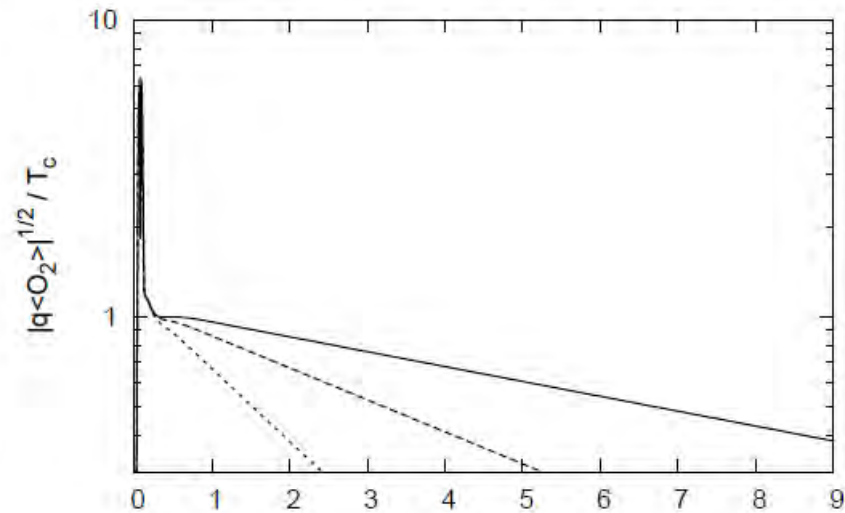
Backreaction

Murata, et al., arXiv:1005.0633



(a) $T < T_c$

$$|\langle O_2(t) \rangle| = C_1 \exp(-t/t_{\text{relax}}) + C_2$$



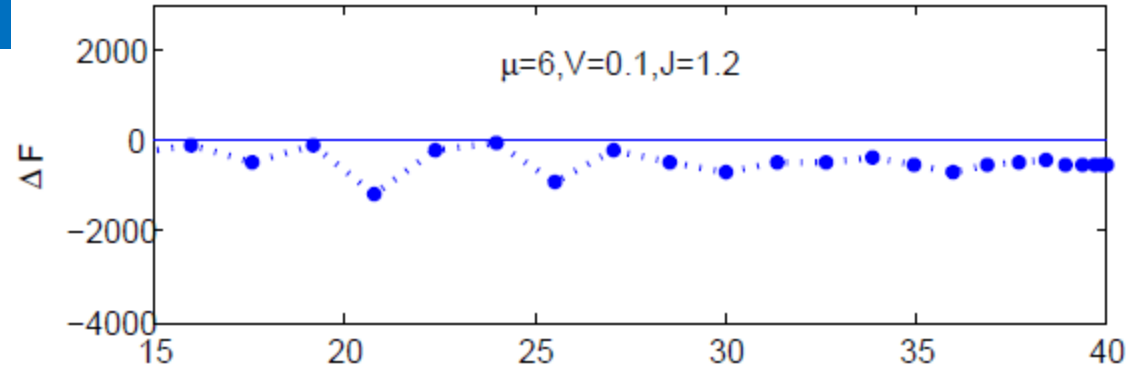
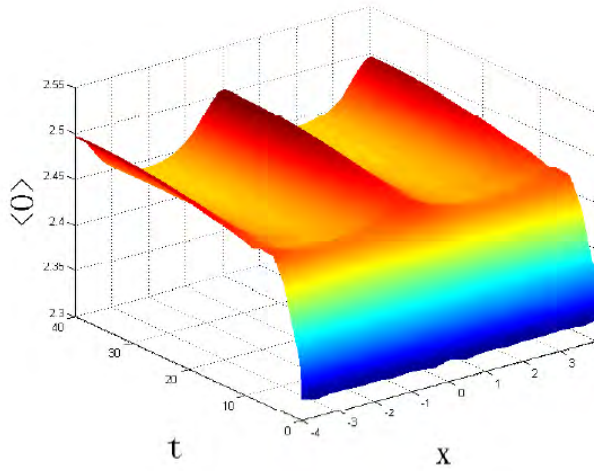
(b) $T > T_c$

$$|\langle O_2(t) \rangle| = C \exp(-t/t_{\text{relax}})$$

$$\tilde{\psi}(t=0, z) = \frac{\mathcal{A}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\delta} \exp\left[-\frac{(z - z_m)^2}{2\delta^2}\right] \quad \psi = z\psi_1(t) + z^2\tilde{\psi}(t, z)$$

Exponential growth

Oscillations in space



$$\Psi \approx z\psi_1 + \psi(x, t)z^2$$

$$\psi_1(t) = J \tanh vt$$

$$\langle O \rangle \sim \psi(x, t)$$

Probe limit

Conservation laws!

AGG, Zhang, Bi, arXiv:1308.5398

Basu et al., arXiv:1308.4061

Oscillations in space: BdG

$$\hat{\xi} = -\vec{\nabla}^2/2m - \mu$$

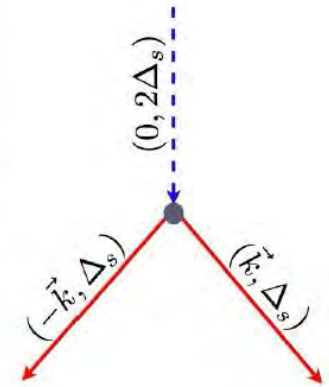
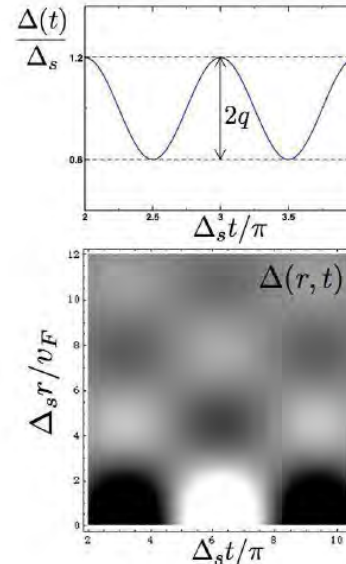
$$i\dot{u}_{\mathbf{p}}(\mathbf{r}, t) = \hat{\xi}u_{\mathbf{p}}(\mathbf{r}, t) + \Delta(\mathbf{r}, t)v_{\mathbf{p}}(\mathbf{r}, t),$$

$$i\dot{v}_{\mathbf{p}}(\mathbf{r}, t) = -\hat{\xi}v_{\mathbf{p}}(\mathbf{r}, t) + \bar{\Delta}(\mathbf{r}, t)u_{\mathbf{p}}(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

$$\Delta(\mathbf{r}, t) = \Delta(t) + \delta\Delta(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

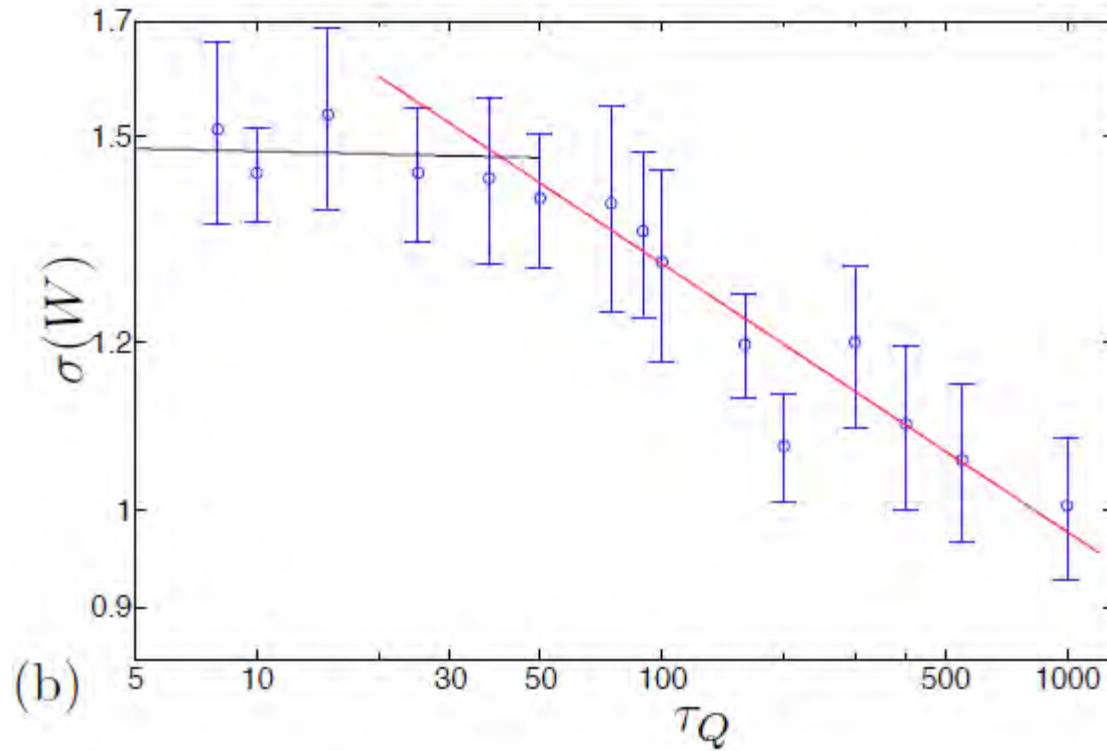
$$\delta\Delta(\vec{r}, t) \approx \frac{C e^{\nu_m t} \cos[\Delta_s(t - \tau)] \sin(k_m R) e^{-R^2/l^2(t)}}{\sqrt{\Delta_s t} k_m R}$$

$$l(t) \approx \xi \sqrt{\Delta_s t} \quad \nu_m \approx 2q\Delta_s$$



Conservation
laws

Instability to spatial inhomogeneity



Sonner, Campo, and Zurek

arXiv:1406.2329

Defects in 1d holographic superconductor

Only Check of KZ scaling

Dual gravity theory

$$S_{\text{grav}} = \frac{1}{16\pi G_{\text{Newton}}} \int d^4x \sqrt{-G} \left[R + \Lambda + \frac{1}{e^2} \left(-\frac{1}{4} F_{MN} F^{MN} - |D\Phi|^2 - m^2 |\Phi|^2 \right) \right]$$

$$\Lambda = -3 \quad m^2 = -2$$

Herzog, Horowitz, Hartnoll, Gubser

*AdS*₄

Eddington-Finkelstein
coordinates

$$ds^2 = r^2 g_{\mu\nu}(t, \mathbf{x}, r) dx^\mu dx^\nu + 2drdt$$

$$0 = \nabla_M F^{NM} - J^M,$$

$$0 = (-D^2 + m^2)\Phi.$$

Probe limit

EOM's:

PDE's in x, y, r, t

Boundary conditions:

$$r \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\Psi = \frac{\psi^{(1)}(x, y, t)}{r} + \frac{\psi^{(2)}(x, y, t)}{r^2} + \dots$$

$$A_t = \mu - \rho/r$$

hep-th/9905104v2

arXiv:1309.1439

Science 2013

Drive:

$$\epsilon(t) = t/\tau_Q \quad t_i = (1 - T_i/T_c)\tau_Q$$

$$t \in (t_i, t_f) \quad t_f = (1 - T_f/T_c)\tau_Q$$

Dictionary:

$$\langle O_2 \rangle \sim \psi_2$$

No solution of Einstein equations but do not worry, Hubeny 2008

Stochastic driving

$$\psi^{(1)} = \varphi(t, x)$$

$$\langle \varphi^*(t, x) \varphi(t', x') \rangle = \zeta \delta(t - t') \delta(x - x')$$

Field theory:

$$\zeta(T, \nu)$$

Quantum/thermal fluctuations

Gravity:

$$\zeta \propto 1/N^2$$

Hawking radiation

Predictions:

Mean field critical exponents

Slow quenches:

$$C(t, r) \sim |\psi|^2(t) e^{-\frac{r^2}{2\ell_{\text{co}}^2(t)}}, \quad |\psi|^2(t) \sim \tilde{\epsilon} t_{\text{freeze}} \bar{t} e^{a_2 \bar{t}^2}, \quad \ell_{\text{co}}(t) \sim \xi_{\text{freeze}} \sqrt{\bar{t}}$$

$$\frac{t_{\text{eq}}}{t_{\text{freeze}}} \sim \sqrt{\log \frac{N^2}{\sqrt{\tau_Q}}}$$

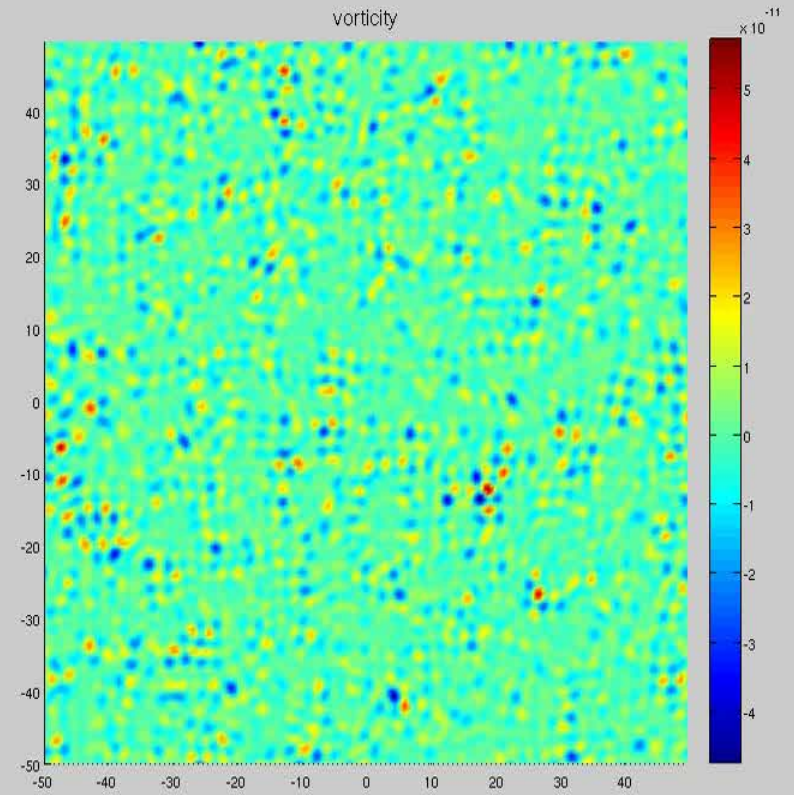
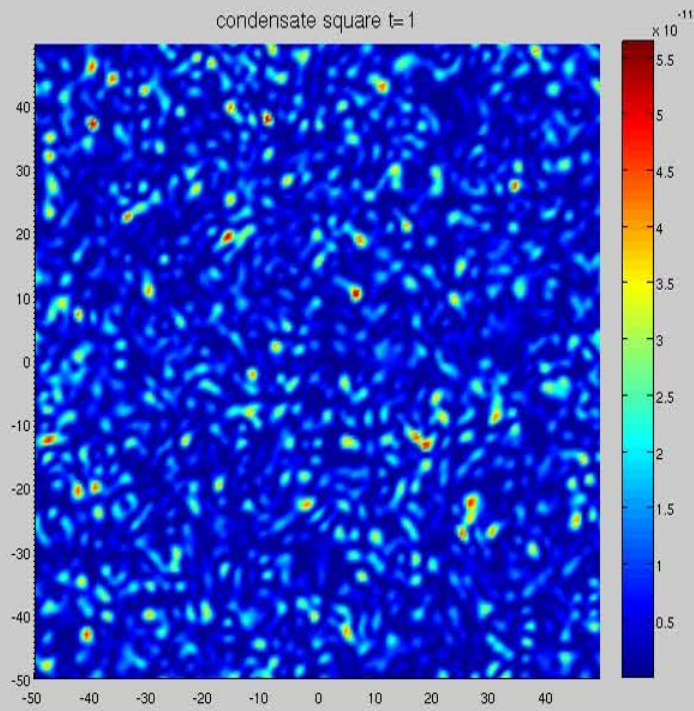
$$\rho \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{\log \frac{N^2}{\sqrt{\tau_Q}}}} \rho_{\text{KZ}}$$

Fast quenches:

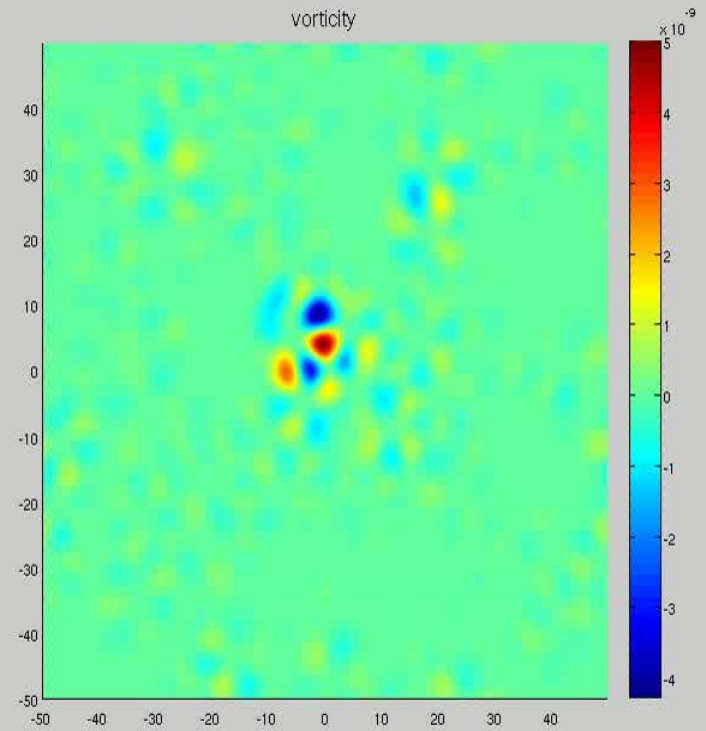
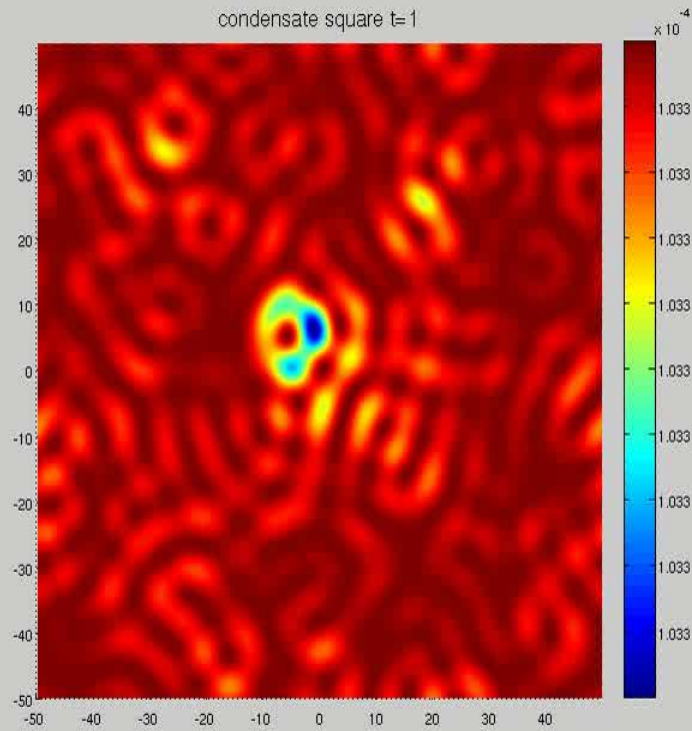
$$C(t, r) = |\psi|^2(t) e^{-\frac{r^2}{2\ell_{\text{co}}^2(t)}}, \quad |\psi|^2(t) \sim \zeta \exp [2b(t - t_{\text{freeze}})\epsilon_f]$$

$$\ell_{\text{co}}^2(t) = 4a(t - t_{\text{freeze}})$$

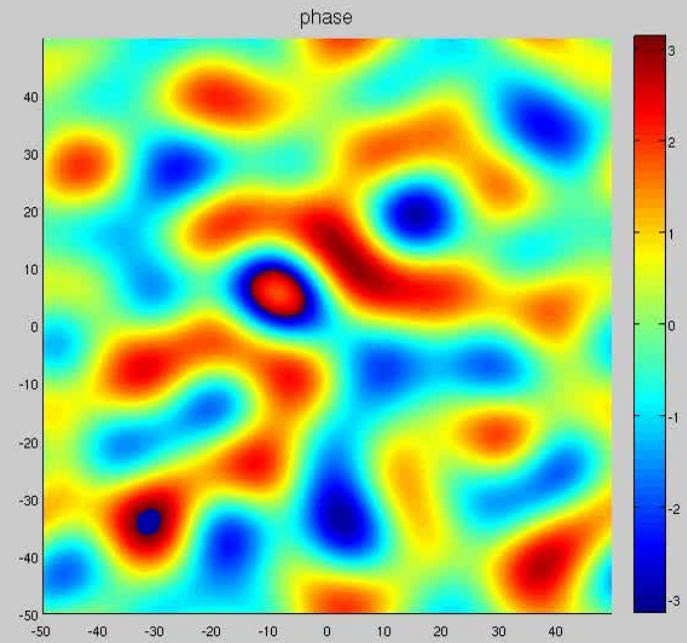
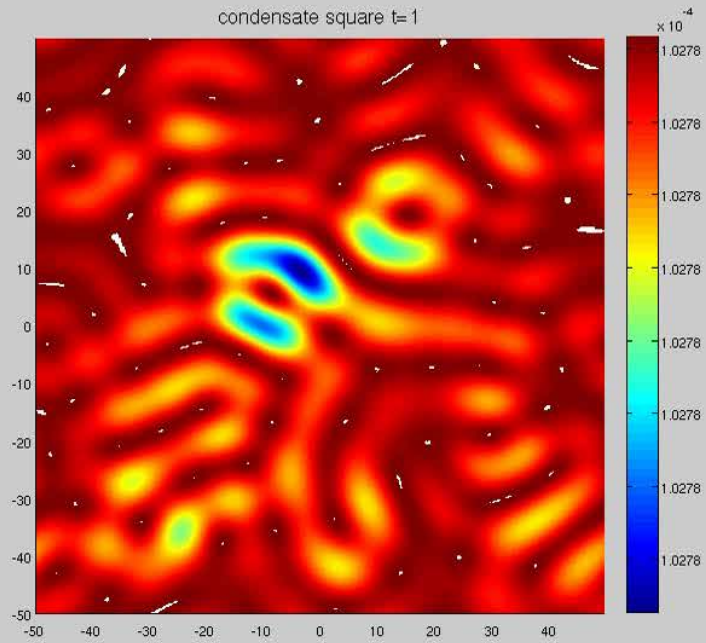
$$\rho \sim \frac{\epsilon_f}{\log \frac{N^2}{\epsilon_f}}$$



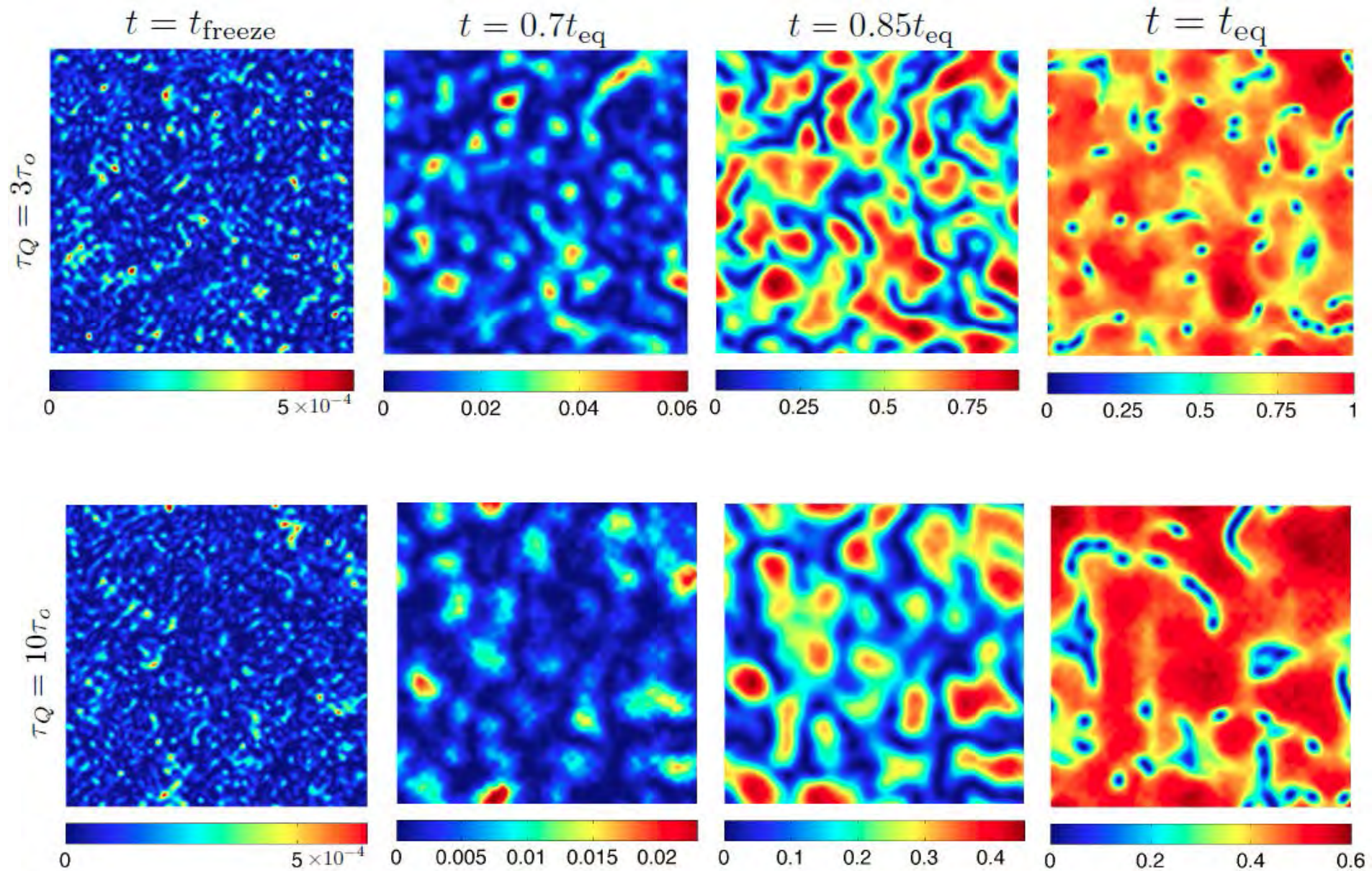
Slow quench



Fast Quench



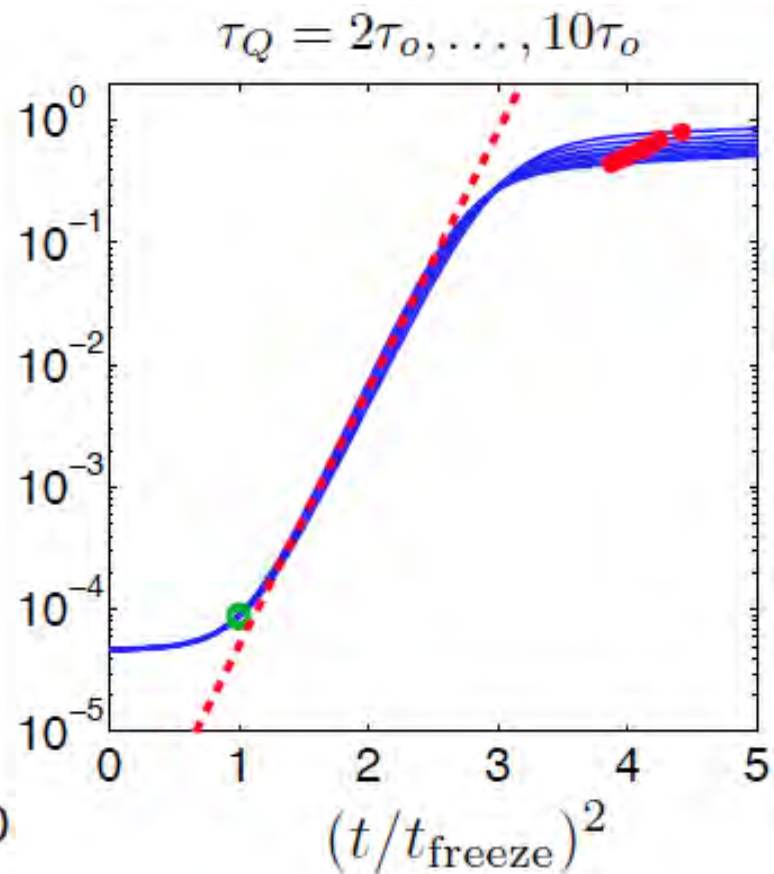
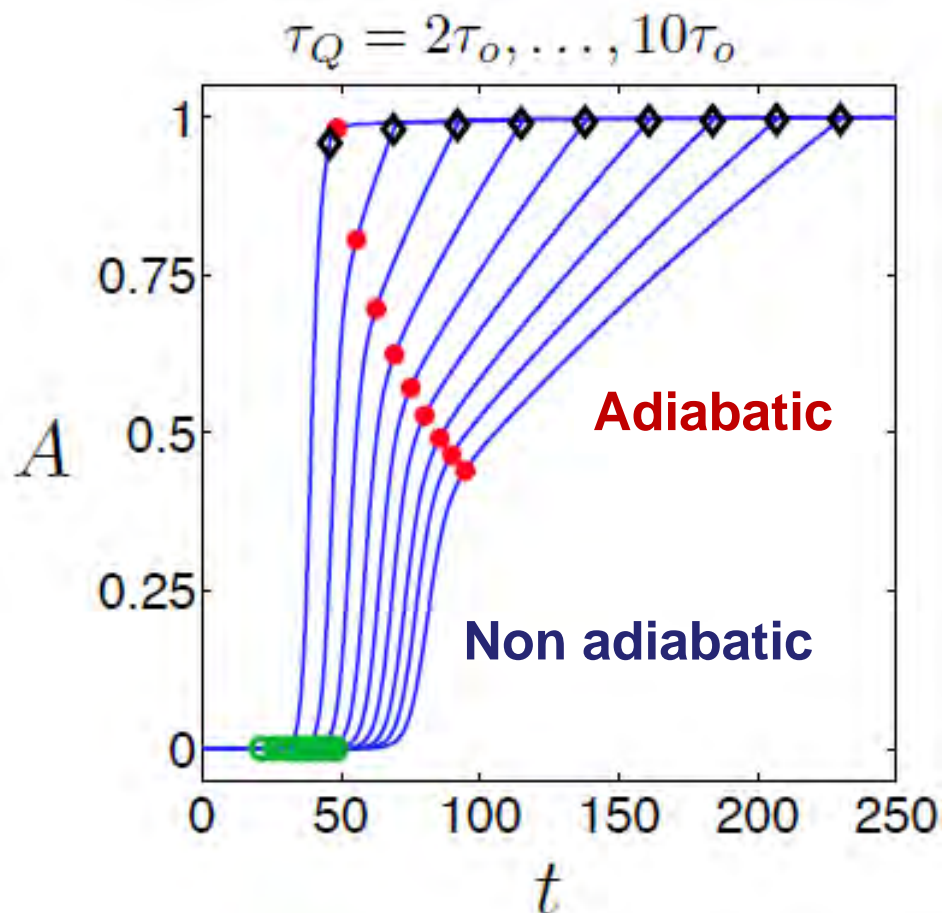
Slow Condensate-Phase



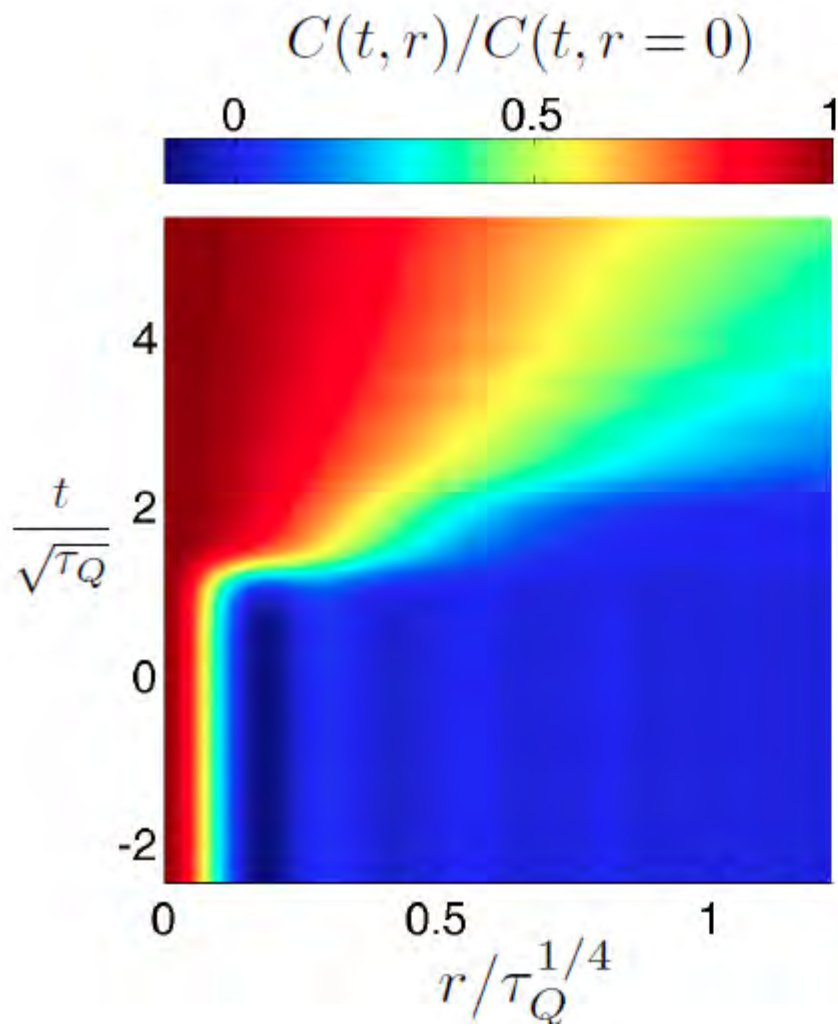
t_{eq} is the relevant scale

$$A(t) = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{i=1}^M \frac{a_i(t)}{a_i(\infty)},$$

$$a_i(t) \equiv \int d^2x |\psi_i(t, \mathbf{x})|^2$$

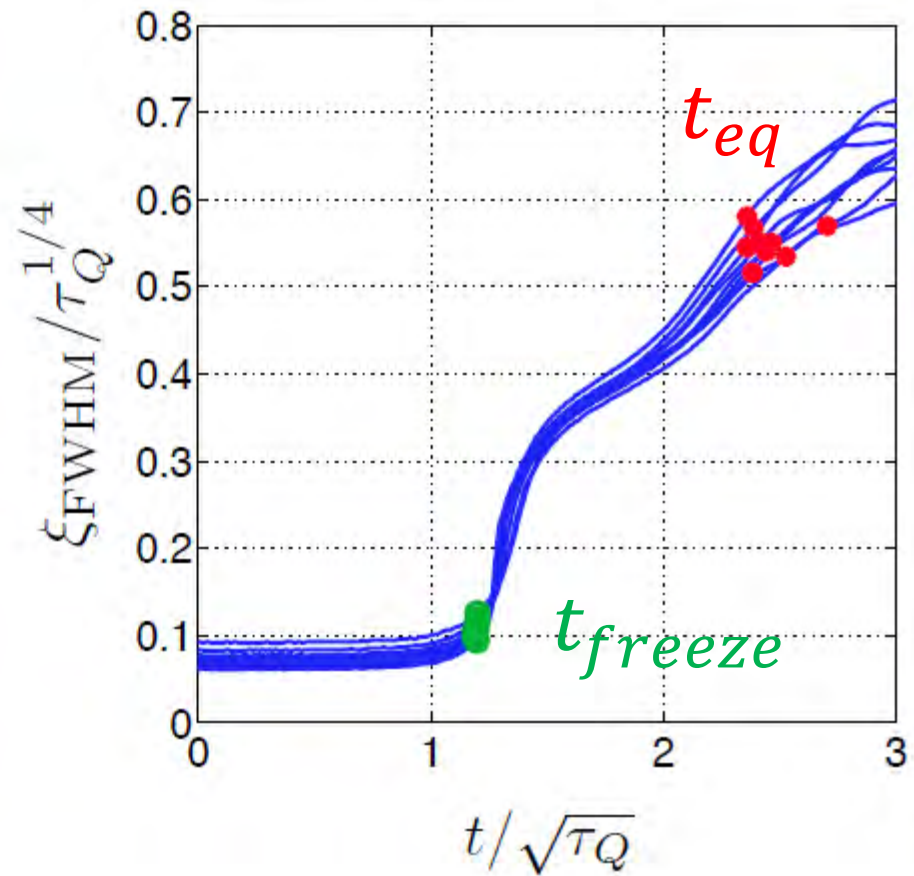


$$|\psi|^2(t) \sim \tilde{\varepsilon} t_{\text{freeze}} \bar{t} e^{a_2 \bar{t}^2}$$

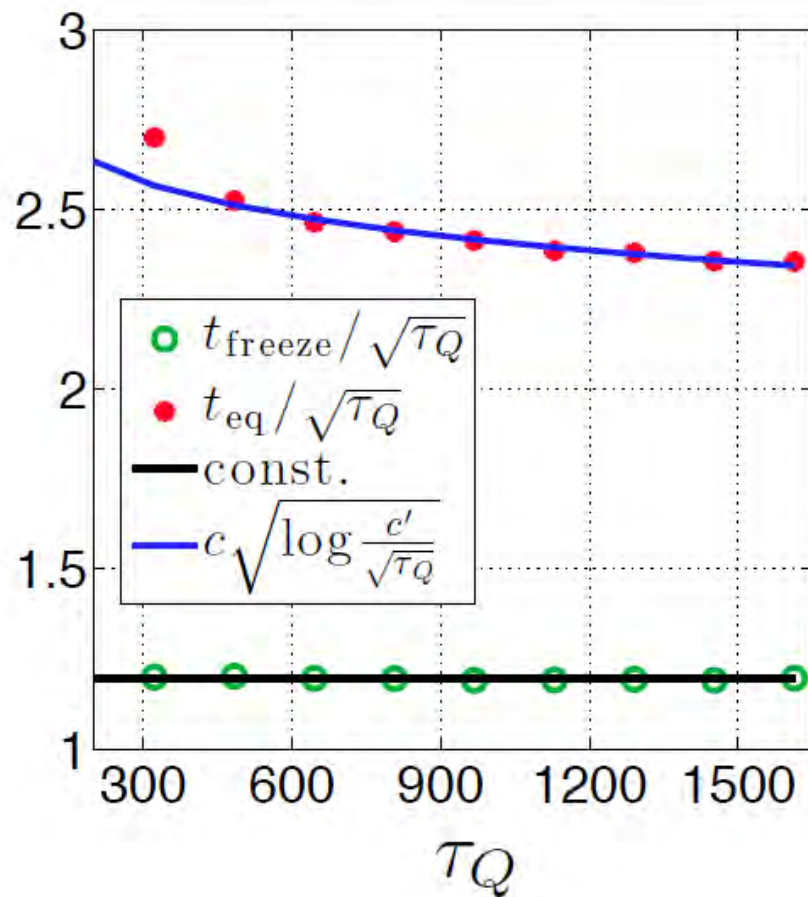
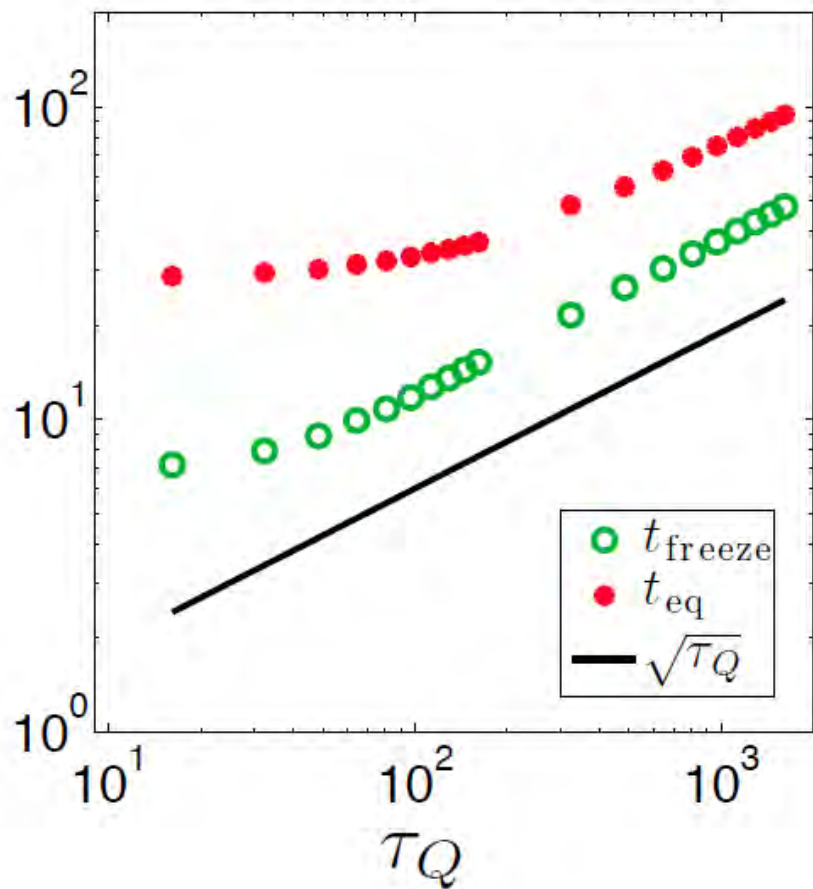


Strong coarsening
 $t > t_{freeze}$

Full width half max of $C(t, r)$



$$\ell_{co}(t) \sim \xi_{freeze} \sqrt{t/t_{freeze}}$$



$$t_{\text{freeze}} \ll t_{\text{eq}}$$

Correct scaling

Slow

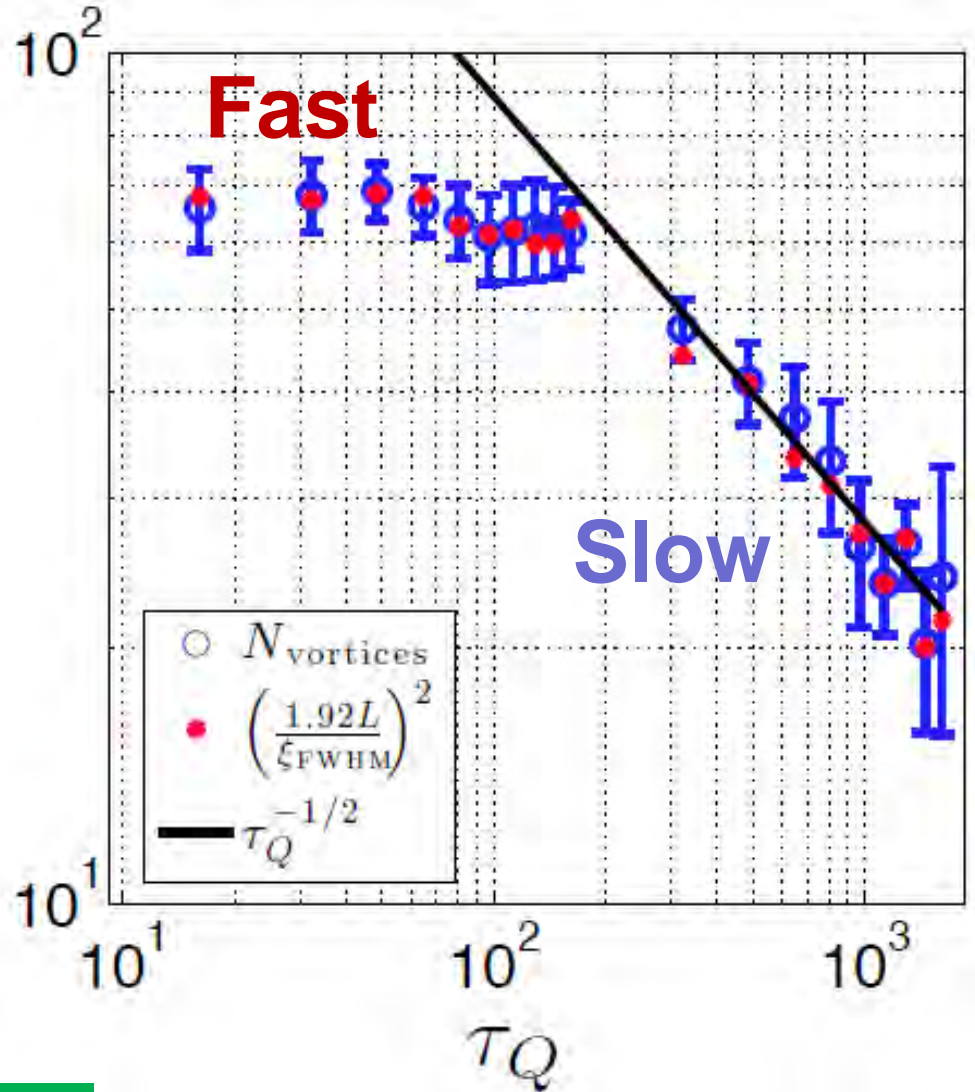
$$\rho \sim \frac{\rho_{KZ}}{(\log(N^2/\tau_Q^{1/2}))^{1/2}}$$

Fast

$$\rho \sim \frac{\epsilon_f}{\log\left(\frac{N^2}{\epsilon_f}\right)}$$

Relevant for ^4He ?

$$t_{\text{eq}} \sim [\log \tau_Q]^{1/(1+\nu z)} t_{\text{freeze}}$$

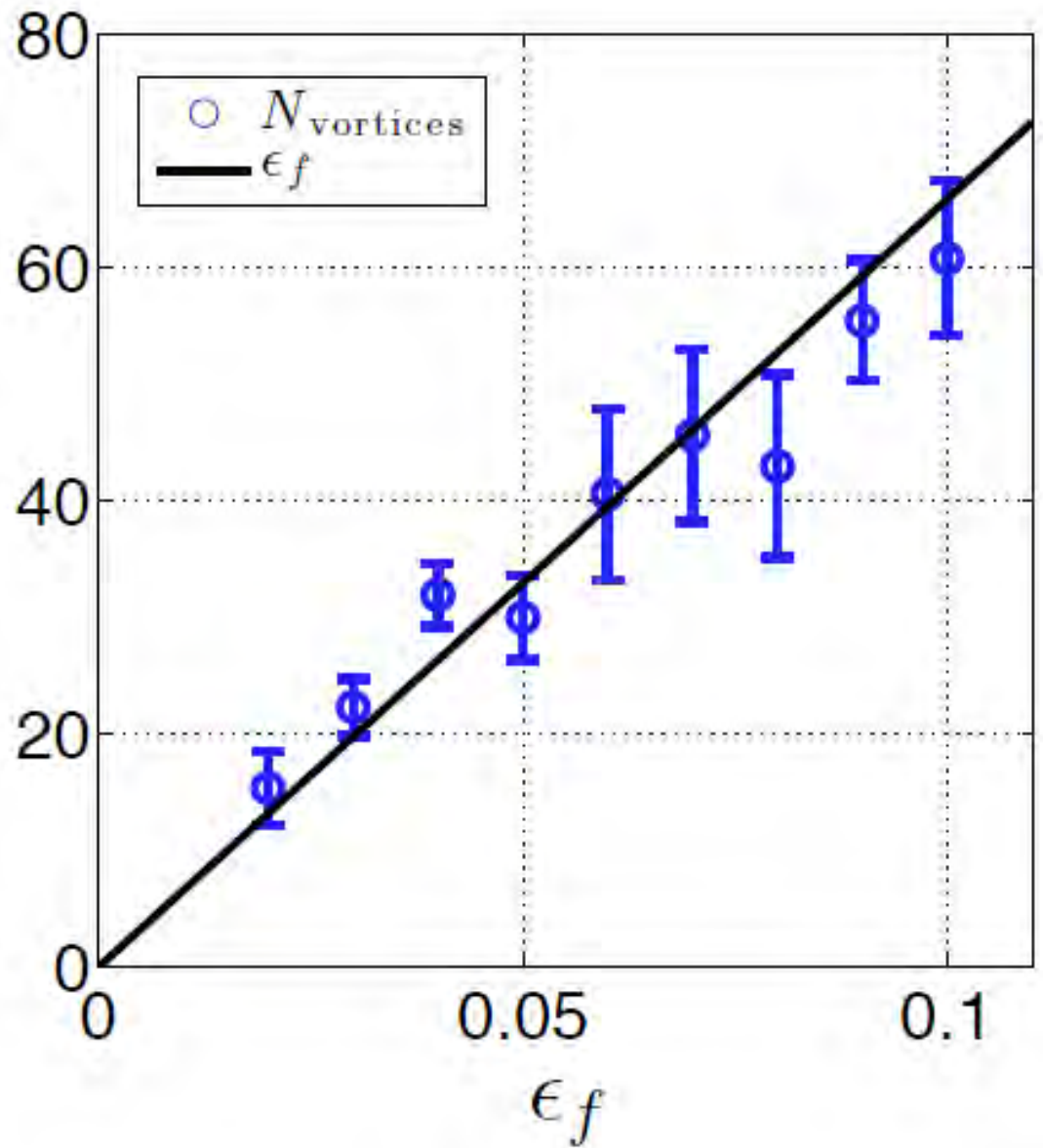


~25 times less defects than KZ prediction!!

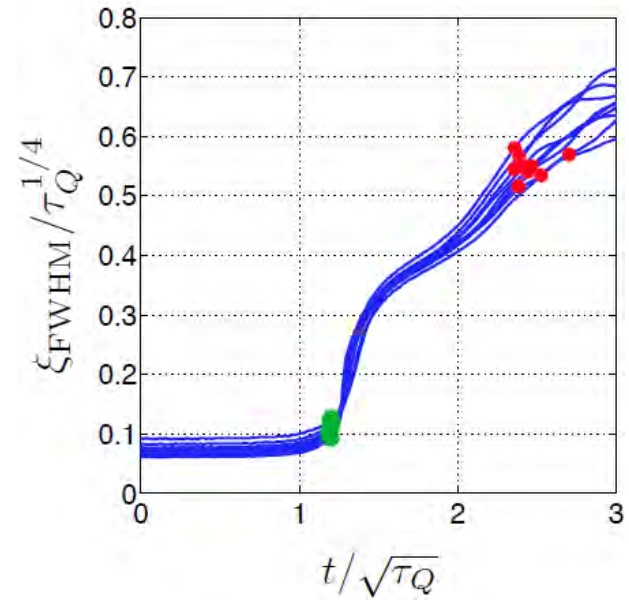
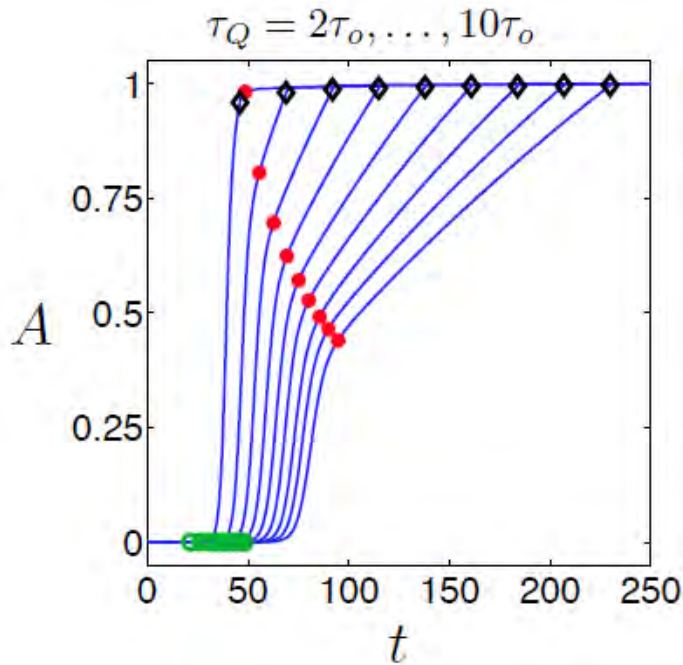
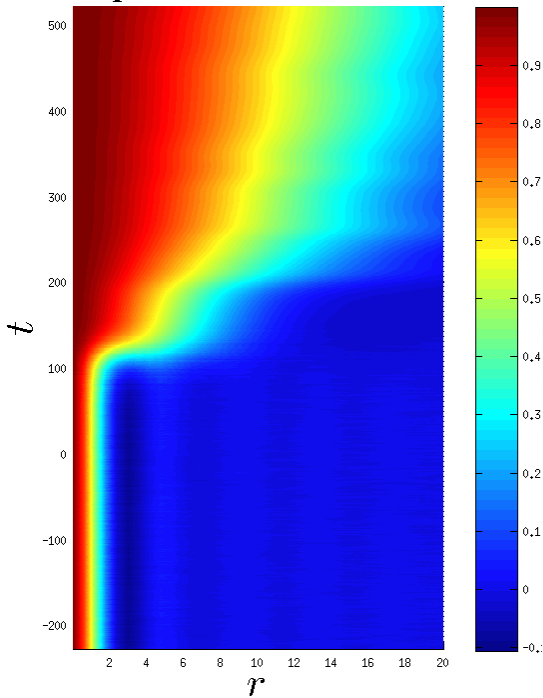
Fast
quenches

$$\rho \sim \frac{\epsilon_f}{\log\left(\frac{N^2}{\epsilon_f}\right)}$$

$T > T_c$
dynamic
irrelevant



phase correlator



time



Freezing

Condensate formation

Defect generation

Phase coherence ?

Physics beyond
Kibble-Zurek

Novel dynamical region

$$t_{\text{eq}} > t > t_{\text{freeze}}$$

Holography duality
helpful to discover and
model this region

More efficient than
SGPE?

NEXT

Cracking
thermalization?

${}^4\text{He}$?

Vortex physics

BKT transition

ΕΥΧΑΡΙΣΤΙΕΣ